ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Prepared By:
Department of Finance and
Administration

CITY OF FULTON, MISSOURI

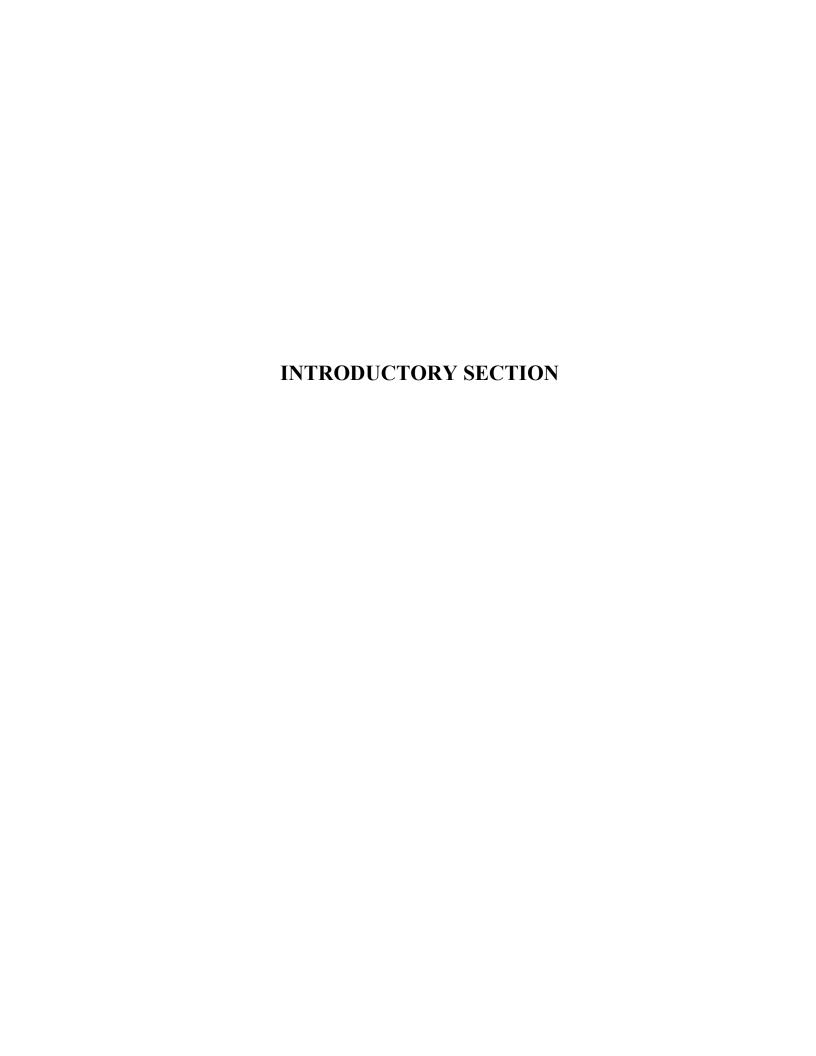
ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

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CITY OF FULTON, MISSOURI

Steve F. Myers Mayor 18 EAST 4TH STREET, P.O. BOX 130, FULTON, MISSOURI 65251-0130 Telephone: (573) 592-3111 Fax: (573) 592-3119

June 20, 2024

Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council and the Citizens of the City of Fulton, Missouri:

I am pleased to submit the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the City of Fulton, Missouri (the City), for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023. The Finance Department prepared this report. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. I believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material aspects; that it is presented in a manner designated to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the City as measured by the financial activity of its various funds; and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the City's financial affairs have been included.

The inherent limitations of internal controls include cost/benefit considerations, management override, and the risk of collusion. In spite of these limitations the City feels its system of internal controls provides reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of the accounting data upon which the City's financial statements are based. This report has been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP).

The independent auditing firm of Williams-Keepers LLC has audited the City's financial statements.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditors' report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the City

Incorporated in 1859, the City of Fulton is the county seat of Callaway County in central Missouri.

The City operates with a Charter form of government. In accordance with the Charter, the registered voters within the City elect a Mayor and eight Council members. Two members are elected to the Council from each ward for two years and serve staggered terms. The Mayor is elected at large and serves a four-year term. The Director of Administration is the chief operating officer of the City and, as such, is responsible to the Mayor for the administration of all City affairs as set forth in the Charter.

The City made numerous improvements throughout the City in 2023. The City completed the 2nd Street bridge project and started and completed two large pedestrian improvement projects on Business 54. The City also completed a major rehabilitation and tank painting project on Well # 5, making much needed repairs and extending its useful life. Additionally, the City made several street improvements in 2023 such as micro surfacing, chip seal and overlays.

The City offers a full range of services including fire and police protection, public works services, public health services, cemeteries, planning and zoning, parks and recreation, golf course, airport, and electric, gas, water, sewer, and solid waste services.

For purposes of preparing this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, all entities that are controlled by, or dependent on, Fulton's City Council are included. Determination as to controlled by, or dependent on, the City is based on financial accountability, budget adoption, taxing authority, outstanding debt secured by revenues or general obligations of the City, or the City's obligation to fund any deficit that may occur. There are no other entities of the City of Fulton which meet these criteria and, therefore, should be included as part of this report.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. During the budget preparation process, each department provides detailed estimates of revenues and expenditures for evaluation by the Director of Administration. The Director may, as he/she deems necessary, revise these estimates. On or before sixty days prior to the end of the fiscal year, the Mayor submits the budget for the coming year to the Council for approval by ordinance. At least six months prior to the final date for submission of the budget, the Mayor submits a three-year capital program to the Council for approval by resolution.

Budgetary control is maintained at the department level by the authorization of purchase orders prior to their release to vendors. Contracts must be approved and authorized by the City Council prior to their release to vendors. Budgetary line items which are in excess of departmental budgets are reviewed by the Director of Administration and Chief Financial Officer and reported to the Council.

The City Charter provides that at any time during the fiscal year the Mayor may transfer part or all of any unencumbered appropriation balance among programs within a department, office or agency and, upon written request by the Mayor, the Council may, by ordinance, transfer part or all of any unencumbered appropriation balance from one department, office or agency to another.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

Local Economy

In 2023, Callaway County maintained an impressively low unemployment rate of 2.6%, which continued to outperform the statewide average of 3.3%. Despite the consistency in sales tax revenue compared to the previous year, the City experienced a significant surge in use tax, which increased by 35.8%. This positive trend in use tax revenue, combined with the low unemployment rate, indicates a robust financial condition for the local economy, suggesting strong economic health.

Long-term Financial Planning

The City uses a three-year capital improvement program to prioritize public projects and utility improvements to be completed as funds become available.

The City monitors the terms and conditions of all outstanding debt and current market conditions. It is the City's policy to refund or retire debt early whenever it is in the best interest of the City.

For an overview and analysis of the financial statements contained here, please see the Management's Discussion and Analysis.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Fulton for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized ACFR that conforms to program standards. The report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

The City of Fulton has received this award for every fiscal year since 1986 for which it was eligible to submit its ACFR under the Certificate of Achievement program.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report conforms to Certificate of Achievement program requirements and we are submitting it to GFOA for consideration.

The preparation of this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report could not have been accomplished without the dedicated services of all of the members of the Finance Department. I would also like to thank the firm of William-Keepers LLC and their staff for their assistance and patience in the preparation of this annual report.

Respectfully submitted,

Dustin Dougherty

Chief Financial Officer



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

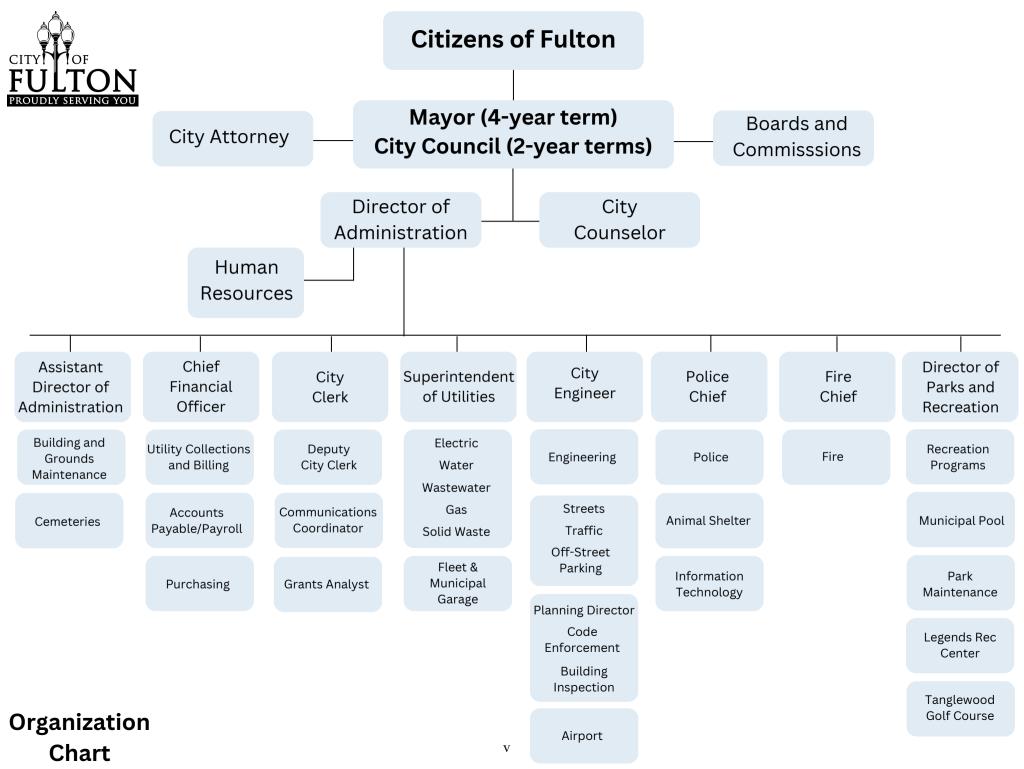
City of Fulton Missouri

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2022

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



CITY OF FULTON, MISSOURI

Principal Officers

MAYOR

Steve F. Myers

CITY COUNCIL

Bill Hinchie Valerie Sebacher
Jeff Stone Mary Rehklau
Alan Combs Brad Leuther
Lauren EH Nelson Bob Washington

ATTORNEY

Carol England, J.D.

ADMINISTRATION

Courtney L. Doyle Director of Administration

Vacant Assistant Director of Administration

Kathie Ratliff City Clerk

Dustin Dougherty Chief Financial Officer
Darrell D. Dunlap Superintendent of Utilities
Gina Davee Human Resources Manager

William Ladwig Chief of Police Kevin Coffelt Fire Chief

Vacant Planning and Protective Administration

Kyle Bruemmer City Engineer

Clay Caswell Director of Parks and Recreation

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

Williams-Keepers LLC



2005 West Broadway, Suite 100, Columbia, MO 65203 OFFICE (573) 442-6171 FAX (573) 777-7800 3220 West Edgewood, Suite E, Jefferson City, MO 65109 OFFICE (573) 635-6196 FAX (573) 644-7240

www.williamskeepers.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council of the City of Fulton

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Fulton (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with GAAP, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatements of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

GAAP requires that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison schedules, and the pension plan schedules as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The supplementary information listed in the table of contents (including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*) is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

williams keepers uc

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 20, 2024 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Columbia, Missouri June 20, 2024

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the City of Fulton, Missouri, we offer readers of the City of Fulton's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Fulton, Missouri (the City) for the year ended December 31, 2023. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the letter of transmittal at the front of this report and the City's financial statements, which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

- On a government-wide basis, the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources for the most recent year by \$102 million. Of this amount, \$17.3 million (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's net position increased by \$720,000 from "governmental activities." Net position from "business-type activities" increased by \$6.3 million. The total effect on net position from the prior year was an increase of \$7.0 million.
- The City's total assets increased by \$1.0 million. This was primarily a result of the receipt of the Panhandle Eastern settlement.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is provided as an introduction to the basic financial statements. The basic financial statements consist of three components: government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The *Government-Wide Financial Statements* are a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to a private business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents all the City's assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows and inflows of resources, with the difference between them reported as *net position*. Net position is an important measure of the City's overall financial health. The increases and decreases in net position can be monitored to determine whether the City's financial positions are improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (i.e., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements report functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) separately from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities for the City include general government, public safety, public works, engineering services, cemetery, culture and recreation, health and sanitation, and community development. The business-type activities for the City include electric, gas, water, sewer, solid waste, airport, parking facilities, and golf course.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses fund accounting to ensure compliance with finance-related legal requirements. These funds are divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on the near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the City's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains several individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the government fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and the Capital Improvement Sales Tax Fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data for the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation called *non-major funds*. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* in the other supplementary information section in this report.

Proprietary Funds

The City uses two different types of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. *Internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its vehicle maintenance activities and self-insured health plan. Because these services predominately benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within the *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also contains certain *required supplementary information* regarding pension plan schedules and budgetary information for the General Fund and the Capital Improvement Sales Tax Fund.

Other Supplementary Information

The combining and individual fund statements for non-major funds and internal service funds and the budgetary information for the special revenue and debt service funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve as a useful indicator of the City's financial position. For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by approximately \$102 million. The largest portion of the City's net position is its investment in capital assets (i.e., land, buildings, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure) less any related debt used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

CITY OF FULTON NET POSITION

	Govern	mental	Busine	ss-Type					
	Activ	vities	Acti	vities	Tot	al			
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022			
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 14,723,609 37,325,903	\$ 17,695,677 35,809,257	\$ 24,967,668 51,160,185	\$ 22,416,632 51,354,545	\$ 39,691,277 88,486,088	\$ 40,112,309 87,163,802			
Total assets	52,049,512	53,504,934	76,127,853	73,771,177	128,177,365	127,276,111			
Deferred outflows - pension	1,298,169	605,542	747,047	348,471	2,045,216	954,013			
Total deferred outflows	1,298,169	605,542	747,047	348,471	2,045,216	954,013			
Long-term liabilities, including current portion Other liabilities Total liabilities	10,631,980 860,513 11,492,493	11,385,037 672,712 12,057,749	11,365,251 2,398,467 13,763,718	13,175,335 3,604,768 16,780,103	21,997,231 3,258,980 25,256,211	24,560,372 4,277,480 28,837,852			
Unearned revenue - grants Deferred inflows - pension	2,576,150 244,782	2,566,186 1,172,114	140,863	674,512	2,576,150 385,645	2,566,186 1,846,626			
Total deferred inflows	2,820,932	3,738,300	140,863	674,512	2,961,795	4,412,812			
Net position Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	27,291,214 11,953,399 (210,357)	24,954,030 13,709,036 (348,639)	44,100,889 1,339,312 17,530,118	43,436,156 2,122,102 11,106,775	71,392,103 13,292,711 17,319,761	68,390,186 15,831,138 10,758,136			
Total net position	\$ 39,034,256	\$ 38,314,427	\$ 62,970,319	\$ 56,665,033	\$ 102,004,575	\$ 94,979,460			

Total assets for governmental activities decreased by \$1.5 million during the year, primarily due to the decrease in the net pension asset. Total assets for business-type activities increased by \$2.4 million, primarily due to the decrease in the net pension asset. Although there was a decrease in net pension assets and internal balances, the City's utilities had favorable operating conditions and cash and cash equivalents increased significantly, mainly due to the Panhandle Eastern settlement. Deferred outflows – pension is itemized at \$1.3 million for governmental activities and \$747,000 for business-type activities, with an overall increase of \$1.1 million. Inclusion of these line items is a result of the implementation of GASB 68 as amended by GASB 71.

Total liabilities for governmental activities decreased \$565,000 during the year as a result of decreases in amounts due beyond one year. Total liabilities for business-type activities decreased by \$3.0 million due to decreases in accounts payable, debt service and financed purchases. Deferred inflows – pension is itemized at \$245,000 for governmental activities and \$141,000 for business-type activities, with an overall decrease of \$1.5 million. Inclusion of these line items is a result of the implementation of GASB 68 as amended by GASB 71. Unearned revenue – grants is itemized at \$2.6 million for governmental activities due to the ARPA funding received in prior years that was not expended during the current year.

At the end of the current year, the City reports a negative balance in unrestricted net position for governmental activities and a positive balance in unrestricted net position for business-type activities. Of the City's total net position, \$71.4 million (70%) is invested in capital assets, net of related debt, and thus is not available for spending. An additional portion of the City's net position, \$13.3 million (13%), represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of the City's net position, \$17.4 million (17%), represents unrestricted net position that may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

CITY OF FULTON CHANGE IN NET POSITION

	Governmental					Busine	ype					
		Activ	vities	S		Acti	vitie	s		To	tal	
		2023		2022		2023		2022		2023		2022
Revenues:												
Program revenues:												
Charges for services	\$	3,300,862	\$	3,517,144	\$	29,893,950	\$	29,937,447	\$	33,194,812	\$	33,454,591
Operating grants and contributions		58,061		137,723		208,000		-		266,061		137,723
Capital grants and contributions		1,364,115		-		223,040		42,205		1,587,155		42,205
General revenues:												
Taxes		9,074,633		8,863,806		-		-		9,074,633		8,863,806
Interest income		571,393		122,005		611,828		115,264		1,183,221		237,269
Miscellaneous		358,379		13,510		3,471,864		166,963		3,830,243		180,473
Total revenues		14,727,443		12,654,188		34,408,682		30,261,879		49,136,125		42,916,067
Expenses:							•					
General government		3,166,323		2,503,164		-		-		3,166,323		2,503,164
Public safety		4,940,136		4,062,401		-		-		4,940,136		4,062,401
Public works		2,935,398		2,758,442		-		-		2,935,398		2,758,442
Parks and recreation		1,608,704		1,449,646		-		-		1,608,704		1,449,646
Building and grounds maintenance		579,776		579,525		-		-		579,776		579,525
Interest and fees		444,114		482,587		-		-		444,114		482,587
Electric		-		-		14,211,630		14,475,588		14,211,630		14,475,588
Gas		-		-		5,926,875		7,480,435		5,926,875		7,480,435
Water		-		-		1,672,041		1,572,830		1,672,041		1,572,830
Sewer		-		-		2,906,814		2,579,089		2,906,814		2,579,089
Solid Waste		-		-		2,205,104		1,854,526		2,205,104		1,854,526
Airport		-		-		337,393		401,155		337,393		401,155
Parking facilities		-		-		6,797		18,066		6,797		18,066
Golf course						1,169,905		1,005,724		1,169,905		1,005,724
Total expenses		13,674,451		11,835,765		28,436,559		29,387,413		42,111,010		41,223,178
Change in net position												
before transfers		1,052,992		818,423		5,972,123		874,466		7,025,115		1,692,889
Transfers		(333,163)		2,183,000		333,163		(2,183,000)				<u> </u>
Change in net position		719,829		3,001,423		6,305,286		(1,308,534)		7,025,115		1,692,889
Net position, beginning		38,314,427		35,313,004		56,665,033		57,973,567	_	94,979,460		93,286,571
Net position, ending	\$	39,034,256		38,314,427	\$	62,970,319	\$	56,665,033	\$	102,004,575	\$	94,979,460

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$720,000. Tax revenues, the largest governmental category, were \$9.0 million (62%). For the year ended December 31, 2023, revenues totaled \$49.1 million (governmental and business-type), of which revenues from governmental activities totaled \$14.7 million (30%). Governmental revenues increased \$2.1 million from the prior year, primarily due to steady increases in taxes and capital grants received.

Expenses totaled \$42.0 million (governmental and business-type), of which expenses from governmental activities totaled \$13.7 million (33%). Governmental expenses increased from the prior year mainly due to the change in pension-related balances.

CITY OF FULTON NET COST OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

		Total Cost	of S	ervice	Net Cost of Service						
		2023 2022				2023		2022			
General government	\$	3,166,323	\$	2,503,164	\$	1,086,810	\$	293,572			
Public safety		4,940,136		4,062,401		3,448,814		3,836,300			
Public works		2,935,398		2,758,442		2,227,590		2,005,462			
Parks and recreation		1,608,704		1,449,646		1,196,088		1,051,819			
Building and grounds maintenance		579,776		579,525		563,351		560,185			
Interest and fees		444,114		482,587		428,760		433,560			
Total cost	\$ 13,674,451		\$	11,835,765	\$	8,951,413	\$	8,180,898			

Expenses from governmental activities totaled \$13.7 million and increased \$1.8 million. However, net costs of these services were \$8.9 million. The difference represents direct revenues received from charges for services of \$3.3 million and operating and capital grants of \$1.4 million. Taxes and other revenues of \$10.0 million were collected toward covering these net costs, along with transfers to business-type activities of \$333,000.

Business-type Activities

Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$6.4 million.

Total revenues increased \$4.1 million from the prior year. Miscellaneous income increased \$3.3 million from the prior year due to the Panhandle Eastern settlement. This payment also resulted in a \$500,000 increase in interest income.

Total expenses decreased \$1.0 million from the prior year, primarily due to favorable conditions in the natural gas market.

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on inflows and balances of available expendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unrestricted fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The fund balance in the General Fund decreased by \$759,000. This was primarily due to an increase in expenditures related to the 2nd Street bridge project, offset by an increase in grant funding received.

The fund balance in the Capital Improvement Sales Tax Fund decreased by \$947,000. This was primarily due to transfers to the utility funds for capital projects.

Enterprise Funds

The Electric Fund had a decrease in net position of \$176,000. This was due to an increase in purchased power expenses.

The Gas Fund had an increase in net position of \$4.3 million. This was primarily due to the Panhandle Eastern settlement.

The Water Fund had an increase in net position of \$1.2 million. This was due to the transfer from the Capital Improvement Sales Tax Fund for the rehabilitation and repainting of the water tower and ground storage tank for Well #5.

The Sewer Fund had an increase in net position of \$702,000. This was primarily due to the transfer from the Capital Improvement Sales Tax Fund for the purchase of a new vac truck.

The Solid Waste Fund had a decrease in net position of \$11,000. This was primarily due to the increase in operating expenses as revenues were ready.

The Golf Course Fund reported an increase in net position of \$224,000. This was primarily due to a grant received from Callaway County for irrigation system improvements.

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2023, amounts to approximately \$88.5 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, infrastructure, other improvements and equipment. For more detailed information, see Note 8 of the Notes to the Financial Statements.

CITY OF FULTON CAPITAL ASSETS

	Government	tal A	ctivities	Business-Type Activities					Total				
	2023		2022	2023			2022		2023		2022		
Land	\$ 2,315,192	\$	2,315,192	\$	3,443,154	\$	3,443,154	\$	5,758,346	\$	5,758,346		
Construction in progress	1,549,832		735,642		1,094,743		686,003		2,644,575		1,421,645		
Buildings	17,484,549		17,469,556		12,038,853		12,038,853		29,523,402		29,508,409		
Equipment	7,539,076		7,130,733		17,605,665		17,168,672		25,144,741		24,299,405		
Other improvements	40,909,594		38,709,050		97,881,667		96,244,929		138,791,261		134,953,979		
Leased equipment	74,183		74,183		430,847		430,847		505,030		505,030		
Depreciation/amortization	(32,546,523)		(30,625,099)		(81,334,744)		(78,657,913)		(113,881,267)		(109,283,012)		
Total capital assets	\$ 37,325,903	\$	35,809,257	\$	51,160,185	\$	51,354,545	\$	88,486,088	\$	87,163,802		

Major capital asset acquisitions during 2023 include the following:

- International Vactor Suction Truck for \$481,109.
- Business 54 Project East and West totaling \$684,873.
- Well #5 rehabilitation and repainting in the amount of \$1,429,715.
- 2nd Street Bridge project totaling \$1,355,539.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The original General Fund expenditures budget was for \$14,239,155. Actual expenditures were \$14,481,305, an unfavorable variance of 2%. Some departments were over budget; the remainder were under budget. The major differences and factors can be summarized as follows:

- The Administration Department was over budget due to the actual cost of personnel.
- The Police Department was over budget due to the actual cost of personnel and the purchase of patrol vehicles.
- The Fire Department was over budget due to the actual cost of personnel.
- The Engineering Department was over budget due to the actual cost of personnel.
- The Buildings and Ground Maintenance Department was over budget due the purchase of a new chiller at City Hall.
- The Cemeteries Department was over budget due to the actual cost of personnel.
- The Parks and Recreation Pool Department was over budget due to the actual cost of personnel.
- All other General Fund departments were under or close to budget due to personnel savings and capital outlay costs being less than originally forecasted.

Long-Term Debt

At the end of 2023, the City had a total of \$18.8 million of outstanding obligations. This was a decrease of \$2.7 million from the previous year, due to paying down the principal on outstanding obligations.

For more detailed information, see Notes 9 and 10 of the Notes to the Financial Statements.

CITY OF FULTON OUTSTANDING DEBT

	Governmental Activities				Business-Type Activities				Total				
	2023		2022		2023		2022		2023			2022	
Special limited obligation bonds	\$	5,845,000	\$	6,380,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,845,000	\$	6,380,000	
Sewerage system revenue bonds		-		-		5,863,129		6,244,056		5,863,129		6,244,056	
Municipal utility emergency loan		-		-		1,695,000		2,712,000		1,695,000		2,712,000	
Financing leases		26,338		41,721		196,167		274,333		222,505		316,054	
Financed purchases		4,162,115		4,426,390		1,000,000		1,400,000		5,162,115		5,826,390	
Premiums and discounts, net		1,236		7,117						1,236		7,117	
Total Outstanding Debt	\$	10,034,689	\$	10,855,228	\$	8,754,296	\$	10,630,389	\$	18,788,985	\$	21,485,617	

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

The City continues to see signs of economic improvement. Use tax revenues increased at a significantly higher rate than inflation. The presence of two colleges has helped keep employment fairly stable. All future projects were taken into consideration when planning the 2024 budget.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide the reader a general overview of the City's finances. Questions or requests for more information concerning any of the information provided in this report should be directed to Dustin Dougherty, Chief Financial Officer, City of Fulton, 18 E 4th Street, PO Box 130, Fulton, MO 65251.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2023

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,249,764 6,136,524	\$ 14,181,533	\$ 21,431,297 6,136,524
Restricted investments	275,810	75	275,885
Accounts receivable, net of allowance of \$785,310	2,405,551	4,357,993	6,763,544
Internal balances	(3,467,685)	3,467,685	-
Inventory	94,559	1,771,122	1,865,681
Prepaid items	292,693	190,024	482,717
Net pension asset	1,736,393	999,236	2,735,629
Capital assets: Non-depreciable	3,865,024	4,537,897	8,402,921
Depreciable, net	33,429,970	46,406,169	79,836,139
Right of use asset, net	30,909	216,119	247,028
Total assets	52,049,512	76,127,853	128,177,365
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension plan contributions	274,125	157,742	431,867
Pension plan other	1,024,044	589,305	1,613,349
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,298,169	747,047	2,045,216
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	517,849	1,454,234	1,972,083
Accrued liabilities	114,086	91,990	206,076
Accrued interest payable	46,910	4,500	51,410
Claims payable	89,894	-	89,894
Customer deposits	-	847,743	847,743
Funds held on behalf of others	91,774	-	91,774
Long-term liabilities:			
Financing leases:	16241	70.562	05.004
Amounts due within one year Amounts due beyond one year	16,341 9,997	79,563 116,604	95,904 126,601
Financed purchases:	9,991	110,004	120,001
Amounts due within one year	272,584	400,000	672,584
Amounts due beyond one year	3,889,531	600,000	4,489,531
Compensated absences:			
Amounts due within one year	350,822	315,968	666,790
Amounts due beyond one year	246,469	88,303	334,772
Debt:			
Amounts due within one year	945,000	729,372	1,674,372
Amounts due beyond one year Accrued landfill closure costs:	4,901,236	6,828,757	11,729,993
Amounts due within one year	_	5,000	5,000
Amounts due beyond one year	_	2,201,684	2,201,684
Total liabilities	11,492,493	13,763,718	25,256,211
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			. -
Unearned revenue - grants	2,576,150	_	2,576,150
Pension plan other	244,782	140,863	385,645
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,820,932	140,863	2,961,795
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	27,291,214	44,100,889	71,392,103
Restricted for:			
Expendable:			
Public safety	46,012	-	46,012
Debt service TIF Districts	8,826,987	75	8,827,062
Perpetual care	1,317,015 992	-	1,317,015 992
Net pension asset	1,736,393	999,236	2,735,629
Post-closure costs	1,750,575	340,001	340,001
Nonexpendable:		,	, . 0 1
Perpetual care	26,000	-	26,000
Unrestricted	(210,357)	17,530,118	17,319,761
Total net position	\$ 39,034,256	\$ 62,970,319	\$ 102,004,575

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended December 31, 2023

						et (expense) revenu	
			Program revenues	<u> </u>		change in net posit	ion
	Expenses	Charges for services	Operating grants and contributions	Capital grants and contributions	Governmental activities	Business-type activities	Total
Program/Function							
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 3,166,323	\$ 2,079,513	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (1,086,810)	\$ -	\$ (1,086,810)
Public safety	4,940,136	69,146	58,061	1,364,115	(3,448,814)	-	(3,448,814)
Public works	2,935,398	707,808	-	-	(2,227,590)	-	(2,227,590)
Parks and recreation	1,608,704	412,616	-	-	(1,196,088)	-	(1,196,088)
Building and grounds							
maintenance	579,776	16,425	-	-	(563,351)	-	(563,351)
Interest and fees	444,114	15,354	-	-	(428,760)	-	(428,760)
Total governmental							
activities	13,674,451	3,300,862	58,061	1,364,115	(8,951,413)	-	(8,951,413)
Business-type activities:							
Electrical	14,211,630	14,798,246	-	-	-	586,616	586,616
Gas	5,926,875	6,825,539	-	-	-	898,664	898,664
Water	1,672,041	1,615,161	-	-	-	(56,880)	(56,880)
Sewer	2,906,814	3,159,051	-	-	-	252,237	252,237
Solid waste	2,205,104	2,046,749	8,500	-	-	(149,855)	(149,855)
Airport	337,393	240,336	-	223,040	-	125,983	125,983
Parking facilities	6,797	15,837	-	-	-	9,040	9,040
Golf	1,169,905	1,193,031	199,500			222,626	222,626
Total business-type							
activities	28,436,559	29,893,950	208,000	223,040		1,888,431	1,888,431
Total	\$ 42,111,010	\$ 33,194,812	\$ 266,061	\$ 1,587,155	(8,951,413)	1,888,431	(7,062,982)
	General revenue:						
	Taxes:						
	Property ta:	xes, levied for gen	eral purposes		812,180	-	812,180
	Payments in	n lieu of taxes			295,817	-	295,817
	General sal	es tax			5,940,281	-	5,940,281
	Franchise ta	ax			1,380,612	-	1,380,612
	Motor fuel	tax			507,836	-	507,836
	Other tax				137,907	-	137,907
	Interest incor	ne			571,393	611,828	1,183,221
	Miscellaneou	is income			358,379	3,471,864	3,830,243
	Net transfers (to) f	rom other funds			(333,163)	333,163	
	Total general reve	nues and transfers			9,671,242	4,416,855	14,088,097
	Change in net pos	ition			719,829	6,305,286	7,025,115
	Net position - begi				38,314,427	56,665,033	94,979,460
	Net position - endi	ing			\$ 39,034,256	\$ 62,970,319	\$ 102,004,575

BALANCE SHEET ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES December 31, 2023

	Major Funds						
	Gen	eral Fund	Capital Improvement Sales Tax Fund		Non-Major Funds		Total
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,115,209	\$	-	\$	3,796,154	\$ 6,911,363
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		214,623	5,0	39,028		882,873	6,136,524
Restricted investments		-		-		275,810	275,810
Accounts receivable, net of allowance of \$12,644		1,742,036	1	74,608		488,754	2,405,398
Due from other funds		-		-		119,357	119,357
Inventory		85,176		-		-	85,176
Prepaid items		289,340					289,340
Total assets		5,446,384	5,2	213,636		5,562,948	 16,222,968
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable		508,074		3,750		-	511,824
Due to other funds		59,816		5,018		873,857	938,691
Accrued liabilities		111,723		-		-	111,723
Funds held on behalf of others		91,774					 91,774
Total liabilities		771,387		8,768		873,857	1,654,012
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unearned revenue - grants		2,576,113		-		-	2,576,113
Unavailable revenue - taxes		89,095					89,095
Total deferred inflows of resources		2,665,208					 2,665,208
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable:							
Inventory		85,176		-		-	85,176
Prepaid items		289,340		-		-	289,340
Perpetual care		26,000		-		-	26,000
Restricted for:							
Public safety		-		-		46,012	46,012
Debt service		-	5,2	204,868		3,622,119	8,826,987
TIF Districts		-		-		1,317,015	1,317,015
Perpetual care		992		-		-	992
Unassigned		1,608,281				(296,055)	 1,312,226
Total fund balances		2,009,789	5,2	204,868		4,689,091	 11,903,748
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balances	\$	5,446,384	\$ 5,2	213,636	\$	5,562,948	\$ 16,222,968

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2023

Fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	11,903,748
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the			
governmental funds:	60.700.244		
Governmental capital assets	69,798,244		
Right of use asset - financing leases	74,182		
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	(32,546,523)		37,325,903
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current			37,323,903
financial resources are not reported as revenues in the			
governmental funds:			
Unavailable revenue - taxes			89,058
			03,020
Other long-term assets and deferred outflows of resources are not			
financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the			
governmental funds:			
Net pension asset			1,709,041
Deferred outflows - pension plan contributions			269,806
Deferred outflows - pension plan other			1,007,903
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs			
of various items. The assets and liabilities of the internal service			
funds are included in the governmental activities in the statement			
of net position:			(2,356,312)
I and tame liabilities including financing lasses financed numberes			
Long-term liabilities, including financing leases, financed purchases, interest payable, and accrued compensated absences, are not due			
and payable in the current period, and, therefore, are not reported			
as liabilities in the governmental funds:			
Accrued interest payable			(46,910)
Financing leases			(26,338)
Financed purchases			(4,162,115)
Compensated absences			(592,367)
Debt (revenue bonds payable)			(5,846,236)
Dest (revenue conds payable)			(3,010,230)
Deferred inflows of resources are not financial resources, and,			
therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds:			
Deferred inflows - pension plan other			(240,925)
Net position of governmental activities		\$	39,034,256
1.00 position of 80 verification doublesses		Ψ	27,03 1,230

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Major Funds						
	Ge	Impr	apital ovement Tax Fund	Non-Major Funds		Total	
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$	6,722,568	\$	986,548	\$	1,121,923	\$ 8,831,039
Licenses and permits		179,914		-		-	179,914
Intergovernmental revenues		1,422,176		-		-	1,422,176
Charges for services		2,330,006		-		-	2,330,006
Payments in lieu of taxes		-		-		295,817	295,817
Fines and forfeitures		6,686		-		-	6,686
Recreational fees		412,616		-		-	412,616
Miscellaneous:							
Rent		66,610		-		-	66,610
Interest		151,296		274,454		141,369	567,119
Contributions		2,625		-		-	2,625
Other		302,127				35,668	 337,795
TOTAL REVENUES		11,596,624	1	1,261,002		1,594,777	14,452,403
EXPENDITURES							
General government		2,244,616		-		6,027	2,250,643
Public safety		5,030,706		-		3,000	5,033,706
Public works		4,858,995		-		-	4,858,995
Parks and recreation		1,205,795		-		-	1,205,795
Building and grounds maintenance		728,040		-		-	728,040
Debt service:							
Principal		279,656		-		535,000	814,656
Interest and fees		133,497		6,588		322,750	462,835
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		14,481,305		6,588		866,777	15,354,670
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(2,884,681)	1	1,254,414		728,000	(902,267)
•		(2,001,001)		.,20 .,		,20,000	 (302,207)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in		2,331,338		-		955,177	3,286,515
Transfers (out)		(205,971)	(2	2,201,810)		(1,211,897)	 (3,619,678)
Total other financing sources (uses)		2,125,367	(2	2,201,810)		(256,720)	 (333,163)
Net change in fund balances		(759,314)		(947,396)		471,280	(1,235,430)
Fund balances, January 1		2,769,103		5,152,264		4,217,811	13,139,178
FUND BALANCES, December 31	\$	2,009,789	\$ 5	5,204,868	\$	4,689,091	\$ 11,903,748

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended December 31, 2023

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ (1,235,430)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The following is the detail of the amount by which capital outlays were less than the depreciation in the current period. Depreciation and amortization expense Capital outlay capitalized as assets	(1,920,054) 3,438,065	1,518,011
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds.		
Taxes	(52,224)	(52,224)
The issuance of long-term debt (i.e., bonds, loans, and leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums and discounts on long-term debt when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in the governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following is the detail of the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	914.656	
Repayment of principal (bonds, loans, and leases)	814,656	
Amortization of discounts or premiums Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of health insurance and municipal garage services to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is reported with the governmental activities.	18,721	833,377 (531,212)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Change in compensated absences	(68,271)	
Pension plan expense	255,578	
F		187,307
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 719,829

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION ALL PROPRIETARY FUNDS December 31, 2023

Major Funds

			Major	Funds					
	Electric Fund	Gas Fund	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Solid Waste Fund	Golf Course Fund	Non-Major Funds	Total Proprietary Funds	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
ASSETS									
Current assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,692,138	\$ 2,462,899	\$ 1,872,567	\$ 5,345,745	\$ 1,545,773	\$ 758	\$ 261,653	\$ 14,181,533	\$ 338,401
Restricted investments	1.056.244	1 250 110	254.055	450 530	152 012	75 312	104.014	75	1.52
Accounts receivable, net of allowance of \$772,666 Due from other funds	1,956,344 5,076,612	1,350,118 4,644,333	254,055	458,538	153,812	312	184,814	4,357,993 9,720,945	153
Inventory	1,169,241	267,718	243,222	38,378		19,252	33,311	1,771,122	9,383
Prepaid items	59,245	33,617	22,385	29,372	30,286	13,410	1,709	190,024	3,353
·									
Total current assets	10,953,580	8,758,685	2,392,229	5,872,033	1,729,871	33,807	481,487	30,221,692	351,290
Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation	10,266,945	4,099,259	6,690,729	19,999,517	1,730,862	1,816,310	6,340,444	50,944,066	1,264
Right of use asset, net of accumulated amortization	-	-	-	-	-	216,119	-	216,119	-
Net pension asset	323,029	206,363	130,502	117,573	152,492	64,139	5,138	999,236	27,352
Total non-current assets	10,589,974	4,305,622	6,821,231	20,117,090	1,883,354	2,096,568	6,345,582	52,159,421	28,616
Total assets	21,543,554	13,064,307	9,213,460	25,989,123	3,613,225	2,130,375	6,827,069	82,381,113	379,906
	, ,,,,,,								
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Pension plan contributions	50,996	32,576	20,601	18,561	24,071	10,123	814	157,742	4,319
Pension plan other	190,512	121,703	76,963	69,340	89,932	37,823	3,032	589,305	16,141
Total deferred outflows of resources	241,508	154,279	97,564	87,901	114,003	47,946	3,846	747,047	20,460
LIABILITIES									
Current liabilities									
Due to other funds	_	_	_	_	_	5,136,952	1,116,308	6,253,260	2,648,351
Accounts payable	445,710	523,028	57,499	209,947	83,615	31,928	102,507	1,454,234	6,025
Accrued expenses	26,900	12,641	10,153	10,277	10,719	20,773	527	91,990	2,363
Accrued interest payable	1,980	1,980	360	-	180	-	-	4,500	-
Claims liability	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	89,894
Customer deposits	467,399	289,657	83,943	-	-	-	6,744	847,743	-
Compensated absences	123,988	49,251	29,321	45,687	40,837	26,884	-	315,968	2,560
Bond payable	-	-	-	390,372	-	-	-	390,372	-
Financing leases	-	-	-	-	-	79,563	-	79,563	-
Financed purchases	176,000	176,000	32,000	-	16,000	-	-	400,000	-
Notes payable	16,455	322,545	-	-		-	-	339,000	-
Accrued landfill closure costs					5,000			5,000	
Total current liabilities Long-term liabilities	1,258,432	1,375,102	213,276	656,283	156,351	5,296,100	1,226,086	10,181,630	2,749,193
Compensated absences	34,138	8,693	19,548	3,439	16,584	5,901		88,303	2,364
Bond payable	54,150	0,075	17,540	5,472,757	10,564	5,701		5,472,757	2,504
Financing leases	_	_		5,172,757	_	116,604	_	116,604	_
Financed purchases	264,000	264,000	48,000		24,000	-		600,000	
Notes payable	65,832	1,290,168		-		-	-	1,356,000	-
Accrued landfill closure costs					2,201,684			2,201,684	
Total long-term liabilities	363,970	1,562,861	67,548	5,476,196	2,242,268	122,505	-	9,835,348	2,364
Total liabilities	1,622,402	2,937,963	280,824	6,132,479	2,398,619	5,418,605	1,226,086	20,016,978	2,751,557
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Pension plan other	45,537	29,090	18,397	16,575	21,498	9,041	725	140,863	3,857
·									
Total deferred inflows of resources	45,537	29,090	18,397	16,575	21,498	9,041	725	140,863	3,857
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	9,826,945	3,659,259	6,610,729	14,136,388	1,690,862	1,836,262	6,340,444	44,100,889	1,264
Debt service	_	_	_	_	_	75	_	75	_
Net pension asset	323,029	206,363	130,502	117,573	152,492	64,139	5,138	999,236	27,352
Post-closure costs	525,027	200,505			340,001		5,136	340,001	2,,552
Unrestricted	9,967,149	6,385,911	2,270,572	5,674,009	(876,244)	(5,149,801)	(741,478)	17,530,118	(2,383,664)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 20,117,123	\$ 10,251,533	\$ 9,011,803	\$ 19,927,970	\$ 1,307,111	\$ (3,249,325)	\$ 5,604,104	\$ 62,970,319	\$ (2,355,048)
	Ψ 20,117,123	0,201,000	2 2,011,003	2 .,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	3 1,507,111	3 (3,277,323)	2 2,004,104	5 02,770,317	- (2,222,040)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES

Year Ended December 31, 2023

Major Funds

			Major	runus			_		
	Electric Fund	Solid Waste Golf Course lectric Fund Gas Fund Water Fund Sewer Fund Fund Fund		Non-Major Funds	Total Proprietary Funds	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds			
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services Free services for City departments Contributions from City, employees, and other	\$ 14,685,738 309,961	\$ 6,781,663 35,804	\$ 1,600,974 14,125	\$ 3,133,175 14,974	\$ 2,046,749	\$ 1,193,031 - -	\$ 256,173	\$ 29,697,503 374,864	\$ 289,676 - 1,215,750
Total charges for services Less free services	14,995,699 (309,961)	6,817,467 (35,804)	1,615,099 (14,125)	3,148,149 (14,974)	2,046,749	1,193,031	256,173	30,072,367 (374,864)	1,505,426
Total net operating revenues	14,685,738	6,781,663	1,600,974	3,133,175	2,046,749	1,193,031	256,173	29,697,503	1,505,426
OPERATING EXPENSES Purchased power System facilities and operations Contractual expenses General overhead Depreciation and amortization Claims expense	10,805,933 2,693,398 - 142,596 553,634	3,778,062 1,772,328 - 169,326 191,090	1,202,614 - 118,595 347,910	1,801,540 - 79,594 950,659	1,254,774 419,253 181,850 347,766	1,012,146 - - 145,856	110,268 31,079 - 202,843	14,583,995 9,847,068 450,332 691,961 2,739,758	216,940 - - 1,365 1,855,920
Total operating expenses	14,195,561	5,910,806	1,669,119	2,831,793	2,203,643	1,158,002	344,190	28,313,114	2,074,225
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	490,177	870,857	(68,145)	301,382	(156,894)	35,029	(88,017)	1,384,389	(568,799)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Grant revenue Penalties Interest income Interest expense Other	112,508 244,589 (16,069) 17,557	43,876 124,970 (16,069) 3,389,636	14,187 51,595 (2,922) 1,484	25,876 141,225 (75,021) 34,795	8,500 - 42,071 (1,461) 4,698	199,500 - (11,903) 1,570	7,378 - 22,124	208,000 196,447 611,828 (123,445) 3,471,864	19,628 - 17,959
Total non-operating revenues	358,585	3,542,413	64,344	126,875	53,808	189,167	29,502	4,364,694	37,587
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS									
AND CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS Transfers in Transfers out Capital contributions	848,762 - (1,025,000)	4,413,270 - (70,000)	(3,801) 1,159,450 (5,000)	428,257 588,713 (315,000)	(103,086)	224,196	(58,515) - - 223,040	5,749,083 1,748,163 (1,415,000) 223,040	(531,212)
NET INCOME (LOSS)	(176,238)	4,343,270	1,150,649	701,970	(103,086)	224,196	164,525	6,305,286	(531,212)
NET POSITION, JANUARY 1	20,293,361	5,908,263	7,861,154	19,226,000	1,410,197	(3,473,521)	5,439,579	56,665,033	(1,823,836)
NET POSITION, DECEMBER 31	\$ 20,117,123	\$ 10,251,533	\$ 9,011,803	\$ 19,927,970	\$ 1,307,111	\$ (3,249,325)	\$ 5,604,104	\$ 62,970,319	\$ (2,355,048)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES Year Ended December 31, 2023

					Governmental				
	Electric Fund	Gas Fund	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Solid Waste Fund	Golf Course Fund	Non-Major Funds	Total Proprietary Funds	Activities - Internal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES									
Cash received from customers	\$ 14,739,096	\$ 6,959,146	\$ 1,618,406	\$ 3,145,505	\$ 2,152,521	\$ 1,196,374	\$ 257,282	\$ 30,068,330	\$ 1,505,426
Cash received from other sources	130,062	3,433,510	15,670	60,670	204	1,570	22,124	3,663,810	17,959
Cash paid to vendors	(13,401,079)	(5,691,352)	(798,385)	(1,374,590)	(1,392,516)	(741,570)	(42,336)	(23,441,828)	(1,870,082)
Cash paid to employees	(1,010,784)	(569,194)	(453,738)	(461,391)	(436,447)	(421,929)	(767)	(3,354,250)	(162,359)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	457,295	4,132,110	381,953	1,370,194	323,762	34,445	236,303	6,936,062	(509,056)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL									
FINANCING ACTIVITIES									
Transfers out	(1,025,000)	(70,000)	(5,000)	(315,000)	-	-	-	(1,415,000)	-
Transfers in	-	-	1,159,450	588,713	-	-	-	1,748,163	-
Net change in grant receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	(180,656)	(180,656)	-
Advances on interfund payables	-	-	-	-	-	(143,876)	-	(143,876)	545,785
Payments on interfund payables	1,252,859	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,252,859	-
Advances on interfund receivables		(1,536,628)					(71,931)	(1,608,559)	(49,130)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	227,859	(1,606,628)	1,154,450	273,713		(143,876)	(252,587)	(347,069)	496,655
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND									
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES									
Payments for capital acquisitions	(73,950)	-	(1,478,076)	(797,650)	-	-	(195,723)	(2,545,399)	-
Proceeds on sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-	4,494	-	-	4,494	-
Principal payments on debt	-	-	-	(380,927)	-	-	-	(380,927)	-
Grant receipts	-	-	-	-	8,500	199,500	223,040	431,040	-
Financing lease payments	-	-	-	-	-	(78,166)	-	(78,166)	-
Financed purchase payments	(192,445)	(1,176,555)	(32,000)	-	(16,001)	- (4.4.000)	-	(1,417,001)	-
Interest payments on debt	(16,069)	(16,069)	(2,922)	(75,021)	(1,461)	(11,903)		(123,445)	
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	(282,464)	(1,192,624)	(1,512,998)	(1,253,598)	(4,468)	109,431	27,317	(4,109,404)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES									
Interest income	244,589	124,970	51,595	141,225	42,071		7,378	611,828	19,628
Net cash provided by investing activities	244,589	124,970	51,595	141,225	42,071		7,378	611,828	19,628
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	647,279	1,457,828	75,000	531,534	361,365	-	18,411	3,091,417	7,227
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	2,044,859	1,005,071	1,797,567	4,814,211	1,184,408	758	243,242	11,090,116	331,174
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$ 2,692,138	\$ 2,462,899	\$ 1,872,567	\$ 5,345,745	\$ 1,545,773	\$ 758	\$ 261,653	\$ 14,181,533	\$ 338,401 (Continued)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Major											_					Governmental	
	Electric Fund Gas F		Gas Fund Water Fund		Sewer Fund		Solid Waste Fund		Golf Course Fund		Non-Major Funds		Total Proprietary Funds		Activities - Internal Service Funds			
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CA	SH																	
PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES																		
Operating income (loss)	\$	490,177	\$	870,857	\$	(68,145)	\$	301,382	\$	(156,894)	\$	35,029	\$	(88,017)	\$	1,384,389	\$	(568,799)
Adjustments:																		
Depreciation and amortization		553,634		191,090		347,910		950,659		347,766		145,856		202,843		2,739,758		1,365
Penalties and other non-operating revenue		130,065		3,433,512		15,671		60,671		204		1,570		22,124		3,663,817		17,959
(Increase) decrease in assets and deferred outflows:																		
Accounts receivable		53,358		158,091		11,991		12,330		105,772		3,343		799		345,684		-
Inventory		109,714		(57,428)		55,956		2,130		-		2,835		-		113,207		2,838
Prepaid items		(17,754)		(5,988)		7,110		(2,874)		(447)		(453)		-		(20,406)		572
Net pension asset		253,058		161,663		102,234		92,106		119,460		50,244		4,025		782,790		21,439
Deferred outflows - pension		(128,850)		(82,315)		(52,055)		(46,898)		(60,825)		(25,583)		(2,050)		(398,576)		(10,923)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities and deferred inflows:																		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		(424,170)		(454,058)		19,475		51,128		33,680		(143,747)		99,010		(818,682)		(22,137)
Claims liability		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		63,236
Compensated absences		24,004		7,504		6,061		12,351		16,485		(396)		-		66,009		-
Current liabilities related to restricted assets		(413,425)		19,392		5,441		-		-		-		-		(388,592)		-
Deferred inflows - pension		(172,516)		(110,210)		(69,696)		(62,791)		(81,439)		(34,253)		(2,744)		(533,649)		(14,606)
Customer deposits						-								313		313		-
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	457,295	\$	4,132,110	\$	381,953	\$	1,370,194	\$	323,762	\$	34,445	\$	236,303	\$	6,936,062	\$	(509,056)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting and reporting policies of the City conform to U.S. generally accepted accounting principles applicable to local governments. The following represent the more significant accounting and reporting policies and practices of the City.

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Fulton (the City) was incorporated in 1859 and covers an area of approximately eleven and three-tenth square miles in Callaway County Missouri. The City operates under the charter form of government and is governed by an elected Mayor and an elected eight-member council. The Director of Administration is the chief operating officer of the City. The City provides services to its more than twelve thousand residents in many areas including: law enforcement, fire protection, electric, gas, water, sewer and solid waste services, community enrichment and development, and various social services. Educational services are provided by the Fulton Public School District, a separate governmental entity.

The City, for financial purposes, includes all the funds and accounts relevant to the operations of the City of Fulton. The financial statements presented herein do not include agencies which have been formed under applicable state laws or separate and distinct units of government apart from the City of Fulton that have been determined not to be component units as defined by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus* (GASB 61). Based on the criteria of GASB 61, there are no other agencies or entities for which the City has been determined to be financially accountable and, therefore, should be included in the financial statements of the City.

B. Related Organization

The City's Mayor appoints members of the Fulton Housing Authority's board but cannot remove members without cause. The Authority establishes its own budgets and is financed with federal funds and rentals. Operations are administered by the Authority without City oversight. Therefore, the Authority is not a component unit of the City.

C. Fund Accounting

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all the activities of the City. The effect of interfund activities, except for interfund services provided and used, has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external parties.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual proprietary funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The City uses funds to report its financial position and results of its operations in the fund financial statements. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Funds are classified into two categories: governmental and proprietary.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – the General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Capital Improvement Sales Tax Fund – the Capital Improvement Sales Tax Fund is a special revenue fund. It is used to account for the collection and disbursement of the City's one-half cent sales tax for capital improvements and extension of the sewer system.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Electric Fund – the Electric Fund is used to account for the provision of electrical services to residents and businesses of the City.

Gas Fund – the Gas Fund is used to account for the provision of natural gas services to the residents and businesses of the City.

Water Fund – the Water Fund is used to account for the provision of water services to the residents and businesses of the City.

Sewer Fund – the Sewer Fund is used to account for the disposal of waste water and industrial waste for the residents and businesses of the City.

Solid Waste Fund – the Solid Waste Fund is used to account for the provision of solid waste collection and disposal services to the residents and businesses of the City.

Golf Course Fund – the Golf Course Fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the City's golf course.

The City does not report any major internal service funds; however, the City maintains the following non-major internal service funds:

Municipal Garage Fund – the Municipal Garage Fund is used to account for internal charges to the various City departments and for expenses related to operating the facilities for City vehicles and equipment maintenance.

Health Insurance Fund – the Health Insurance Fund is used to account for internal charges of premiums to the various City departments and for claims and administrative expenses of the City's self-insured health plan for employees.

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60-days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting; however, interest and principal on general long-term debt are recognized when due.

Property tax, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

All proprietary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. These funds account for operations that are primarily financed by user charges. The economic resource measurement focus concerns determining costs as a means of maintaining the capital investment and management control. Their revenues are recognized when they are earned, and their expenses are recognized when they are incurred. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation, are recorded in the proprietary funds.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's ongoing operations. Operating expenses include the costs of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

E. Budgets

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for all governmental funds. All annual appropriations lapse at year-end.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting - under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation - is utilized in the governmental funds. There were no encumbrances outstanding as of December 31, 2023.

F. Cash and Investments

The City maintains a cash money-market pool that is used by all funds. Interest income is allocated monthly to each fund in proportion to each fund's ownership of the pool.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased are considered to be cash equivalents. Because a statement of cash flows is prepared only for proprietary funds and nonexpendable trust funds under generally accepted accounting principles, cash and cash equivalents are distinguished only for those funds.

Investments are stated at fair value based on quoted market prices.

G. Unbilled Revenues

Accrued but unbilled revenues are based on pro-rated subsequent billings and are included in accounts receivable.

H. Inventories

Inventories are recorded on the purchase method and consist of materials and supplies and diesel fuel stated at average cost.

I. Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses represent the payment of insurance premiums for coverage that benefits more than one fiscal period. The premium amount is being amortized over the policy period following the consumption method.

J. Interfund Receivables/Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the fund statements of financial position.

K. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are valued at their acquisition value at the date of donation. The City does not capitalize historical treasures or works of art. The City maintains many items and buildings of historical significance. The City does not require that the proceeds from sales of historical treasures or works of art be used to acquire other items for the collection.

Property, plant, equipment and infrastructure of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings	31 - 40 years
Equipment	5-40 years
Improvements Other than Buildings	5-10 years
Infrastructure	4-40 years

Maintenance, repairs, and minor equipment are charged to operations when incurred. Expenses that materially change capacities or extend useful lives are capitalized. Upon sale or retirement of capital assets, the cost and related accumulated depreciation, if applicable, are eliminated from the respective accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in the results of operations.

With respect to the initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets, infrastructure was capitalized using a deflated cost as historical. The single item of general infrastructure is the network of City streets and sidewalks maintained by the City. Depreciation was recognized using a 40-year life for streets and 25-years for bridges.

Fully depreciated capital assets are reported in the financial statements until their disposal.

L. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the City does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the City. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of an employee resignation or retirement.

M. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category, which are the pension plan contributions and pension plan other reported in the government-wide and proprietary funds statements of net position.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has three items that qualify for reporting in this category, which are the unearned revenue – grants reported in the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet, the pension plan other reported in the government-wide and proprietary funds statements of net position, and the unavailable revenue – property taxes reported in the governmental funds balance sheet.

N. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bond issuance costs are expensed in all statements as incurred.

In the governmental fund financial statements, general long-term obligations are not reported as liabilities because they do not require the use of current resources. Governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuance are reported as other financing uses. Principal repayments are reported as debt service expenditures.

O. Fund Balance and Net Position

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is displayed in five components as follows:

Nonspendable – this consists of amounts that are not in a spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – this consists of amounts that are constrained to specific purposes by their providers, through constitutional or contractual provisions or by enabling legislation.

Committed – this consists of amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority (the City Council) by the end of the year. The City Council can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken to remove or revise the limitation.

Assigned – this consists of amounts that are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. The City Council can assign fund balance; however, an additional formal action does not have to be taken for the removal of the assignment.

Unassigned – this consists of amounts that are available for any purpose. No fund other than the General Fund can report a positive unassigned fund balance.

The City's general spending prioritization policy is to consider restricted resources to have been used first, followed by committed, assigned, and unassigned amounts when expenditures have been incurred for which resources in more than one classification could be used.

The City Council has adopted a financial policy to maintain a minimum level of unrestricted fund balance (the total of the committed, assigned, and unassigned components of fund balance) in the General Fund. The target level is set at 25% of the anticipated annual expenditures. This amount is intended to provide fiscal stability when economic downturns and other unexpected events occur. If fund balance falls below the minimum target level because it has been used, essentially as a "revenue" source, as dictated by current circumstances, the policy provides for actions to replenish the amount to the minimum target level within a reasonable time frame.

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, net position is displayed in three components as follows:

Net investment in capital assets – this consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, less the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets.

Restricted – this consists of amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted – this consists of amounts that do not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted."

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (i.e., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

P. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

O. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset (liability), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement Systems (LAGERS) and additions to/deductions from LAGERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LAGERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

R. Subsequent Events

Events that have occurred subsequent to December 31, 2023, have been evaluated through June 20, 2024, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

2. LEGAL COMPLIANCE - BUDGET

The City's policy is to prepare the operating budgets in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The City prepared budgets for all governmental fund types for the year ended December 31, 2023, except for the capital projects funds. All appropriations are legally controlled at the departmental level for the individual funds.

The City Council follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- (1) The Director of Administration submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal period commencing the following January l. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them and is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with the financial statement presentation for governmental funds.
- (2) Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- (3) No later than January 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- (4) The budget is prepared by fund, function and department. The City's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within their respective departments. Changes to total budgeted appropriations for a department and a fund require approval of the City Council. The legal level of budgetary control is at the department level, based upon City Council approval.
- (5) All appropriations lapse at year-end. Encumbrances are re-appropriated to the ensuing year's budget.

The reported budgetary data represents the final approved budget after amendments as adopted by the City Council. The budget was not amended for the year.

3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Missouri State Statutes authorize the City to deposit funds in obligations of the U.S Treasury, federal agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit; and repurchase agreements. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The City's deposit policy for custodial credit risk is set by statute. Statutes require that collateral pledged must have a fair value equal to 100% of the funds on deposit, less insured amounts. Collateral securities are limited to the following as prescribed by state statutes:

- Bonds of the State of Missouri, of the United States, or of any wholly owned corporation of the United States.
- Other short-term obligations of the United States.

The City maintains a cash pool which is available for use by all funds for the purpose of increasing income through investment activities. Interest is allocated to the various funds based on average cash or investment balances. The pool includes money market funds, government securities and certificates of deposit. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the balance sheet or statement of net position as "Cash and Cash Equivalents" under each fund's caption.

Deposits, categorized by level of custodial risk, were as follows as of December 31, 2023:

•	Cash and				
	Cash		Petty		
Ec	uivalents		Cash		Total
\$	372,125	\$	-	\$	372,125
2	27,065,485		-		27,065,485
	230,925				230,925
\$ 2	27,668,535	\$		\$	27,668,535
\$ 2	27,562,843	\$	4,978	\$	27,567,821
	\$ 2 \$ 2	Cash Equivalents \$ 372,125 27,065,485	Cash Equivalents \$ 372,125 \$ 27,065,485 230,925 \$ 27,668,535 \$	Cash Equivalents Petty Cash \$ 372,125 \$ - 27,065,485 - 230,925 - \$ 27,668,535 \$ -	Cash Equivalents Petty Cash \$ 372,125 \$ - \$ 27,065,485 - 230,925 - \$ 27,668,535 \$ - \$

The City had the following investments as of December 31, 2023:

		Investment Maturities (in years)						Fair	Carrying				
	Le	ss than 1		1-5	Over 5		Over 5		5 Va		Value		Value
Money market mutual funds	\$	275,885	\$	-		\$		\$	275,885	\$	275,885		

The money market mutual funds held by the City as of December 31, 2023, are fixed income funds invested in U.S. Treasuries and other governmental securities.

Interest rate risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair values of investments will be adversely affected by a change in interest rates. The City's practice is to manage its exposure to declines in fair values by only investing in obligations that return initial purchase prices and the earned interest. This practice eliminates exposure to declines in fair values. The City does not have a formal investment policy addressing interest rate risk.

Credit risk – Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Credit risk is measured using credit quality ratings of investments in debt securities as described by nationally recognized rating agencies such as Standard & Poor's and Moody's. The City's practice is to only invest in obligations of the United States or its agencies, insured or secured certificates of deposits, certain obligations of the State of Missouri or political subdivisions and municipalities, and certain surety bonds. The City's investments are not rated. The City does not have a formal investment policy addressing credit risk.

Concentration of credit risk – Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of investment in a single issuer. The City places no limit on the amount the City may invest in any one issuer.

Custodial credit risk – investments – For an investment, this is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The City does not have any custodial risk in investments.

The City's total cash and investments are summarized below:

Deposits and petty cash	\$ 27,567,821
Investments	275,885
Total cash and investments	\$ 27,843,706

A reconciliation of cash and investments as shown on the government-wide statement of net position is as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 21,431,297
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	6,136,524
Restricted investments	 275,885
Total	\$ 27,843,706

Fair Value Measurements

For assets and liabilities required to be reported at fair value, U.S. generally accepted accounting principles prescribes a framework for measuring fair value and financial statement disclosures about fair value measurements. A fair value hierarchy has been established that distinguishes between market participant assumptions based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity (observable inputs that are classified within Levels 1 and 2 of the hierarchy) and the reporting entity's own assumptions about market participant assumptions (unobservable inputs classified within Level 3 of the hierarchy).

The fair value hierarchy as prescribed by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles is as follows:

- Level 1 Valuation is based upon quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the City has the ability to access.
- Level 2 Valuation is based upon quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, as well as inputs that are observable for the asset or liability (other than quoted prices), such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates, and yield curves that are observable at commonly quoted intervals.
- Level 3 Valuation is generated from model-based techniques that use at least one significant assumption based on unobservable inputs for the asset or liability, which are typically based on an entity's own assumptions, as there is little, if any, related market activity.

In instances where the determination of the fair value measurement is based on inputs from different levels of the fair value hierarchy, the level in the fair value hierarchy within which the entire fair value measurement falls is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. The City's assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment and considers factors specific to the asset or liability.

The City's assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2023, aggregated by the level in the fair value hierarchy within which those measurements fall, are as follows:

Description	Total	Level 1	Le	vel 2	Le	evel 3
Money market mutual funds	\$ 275,885	\$ 275,885	\$	_	\$	

The Level 1 classification consists of money market mutual funds that are valued at the daily closing price as reported by the fund. These funds are primarily invested in U.S. Treasuries and other governmental securities.

No investments are classified as Level 2 or Level 3 above.

4. RESTRICTED ASSETS

As of December 31, 2023, cash and cash equivalents and investments were restricted for various uses as follows:

Governmental funds:	
General Fund	
Perpetual care	\$ 214,623
Special Revenue - Capital Improvement Sales Tax Fund	
Debt service	5,039,028
Debt Service	
South Business 54 Fund	58,731
Sewer Capital Improvement Sales Tax Fund	882,873
Water Capital Improvement Sales Tax fund	217,079
Total for governmental funds	6,412,334
Proprietary funds:	
Golf Course Fund	
Debt service	75
Total for all fund types	\$ 6,412,409

5. RECEIVABLES

Accounts receivable as of December 31, 2023, for the City's governmental funds, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

				Capital			
			Im	provement	N	on-Major	
	Gen	eral Fund	Sale	es Tax Fund		Funds	 Total
Payments in lieu of tax	\$	-	\$	-	\$	314,236	\$ 314,236
Property taxes		793,499		-		-	793,499
Sales and franchise taxes		627,436		174,608		174,518	976,562
Use taxes		178,867		-		-	178,867
Motor vehicle taxes		53,411		-		-	53,411
Other		101,467				-	 101,467
		1,754,680		174,608		488,754	2,418,042
Allowance for uncollectible accounts		(12,644)					(12,644)
	\$	1,742,036	\$	174,608	\$	488,754	\$ 2,405,398

Receivables as of December 31, 2023, for the City's entity-wide statements, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

	Governmental		Вι	isiness-type	
		Activities		Activities	Total
Payments in lieu of tax	\$	314,236	\$	_	\$ 314,236
Property taxes		793,499		-	793,499
Billed service fees		-		3,100,084	3,100,084
Unbilled service fees		-		1,619,507	1,619,507
Sales and franchise taxes		976,562		225,293	1,201,855
Use taxes		178,867		-	178,867
Motor vehicle taxes		53,411		-	53,411
Other		101,620		185,775	 287,395
		2,418,195		5,130,659	 7,548,854
Allowance for uncollectible accounts		(12,644)		(772,666)	 (785,310)
	\$	2,405,551	\$	4,357,993	\$ 6,763,544

6. PROPERTY TAXES

Property tax revenue is recognized independent of receivable recognition. A receivable is recognizable as of the lien date when the City has an enforceable legal claim while revenue is recognized in the period for which the taxes are levied. Delinquent taxes expected to be received later than 60-days after the close of the fiscal year are classified as deferred inflows within the governmental fund financial statements because they do not meet the criteria of being available as described in Note 1.

Assessed values are established by the Callaway County Assessor subject to review by the County's Board of Equalization and State Tax Commission. The City's property tax is levied by the City on November 1 on the assessed value as of the prior January 1 for all property located in the City. Property taxes are billed in total by December 1 following the levy date and considered delinquent after January 1. A lien is placed on the property as of March 1 if delinquent taxes are not paid.

The City is subject to a calculated levy ceiling for general governmental purposes as the taxing limitation. The ceiling for 2023 was \$0.5271 per \$100 assessed valuation. The City's assessed valuations and tax levies per \$100 assessed valuation of those properties are as follows:

		2023
	C	alendar Year
Assessed valuation:		_
Real estate	\$	120,478,514
Personal property		36,607,077
Railroad and utility		977,565
TIF Districts		(4,676,595)
	\$	153,386,561
Tax rates per \$100 assessed valuation:		
General Fund	\$	0.5271

7. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund receivable and payable balances as of December 31, 2023, resulting from interfund transfers and interfund loans were as follows:

	Receivable			Payable		
Governmental funds:						
General Fund	\$	-	\$	59,816		
Capital Improvement Sales Tax Fund		-		5,018		
Non-Major Funds		119,357		873,857		
Subtotal governmental funds		119,357		938,691		
Proprietary funds:						
Electric Fund		5,076,612		-		
Gas Fund		4,644,333		-		
Water Fund		-		-		
Golf Course Fund		-		5,136,952		
Non-Major Funds				1,116,308		
Subtotal proprietary funds		9,720,945		6,253,260		
Internal service funds:						
Health Insurance Fund		-		1,134,539		
Municipal Garage Fund				1,513,812		
Subtotal internal service funds				2,648,351		
Total	\$	9,840,302	\$	9,840,302		

The balances due to the Electric and Gas Funds are the result of overdrafts from the City's cash pool by other funds. The balances due to non-major governmental funds are the result of a billing error between the General Fund and TIF Districts Fund.

8. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for governmental activities for the year ended December 31, 2023 was as follows:

	Balance						Balance
	December 31,					D	ecember 31,
	2022		Additions	Retirements	Transfers		2023
Governmental activities:						•	
Capital assets, not being depreciated							
Land	\$ 2,315,192	2 \$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	2,315,192
Construction in progress	735,649)	2,519,945	-	(1,705,762)		1,549,832
Total capital assets, not being							
depreciated	3,050,84	l	2,519,945	-	(1,705,762)		3,865,024
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized							
Buildings	17,469,55	5	14,993	-	-		17,484,549
Equipment	7,130,73	l	408,345	-	-		7,539,076
Improvements other than buildings	38,709,05)	494,782	-	1,705,762		40,909,594
Right of use asset - financing leases	74,18	3	-	-	-		74,183
Total capital assets, being						•	
depreciated/amortized	63,383,520)	918,120	-	1,705,762		66,007,402
Less accumulated depreciation for							
Buildings	4,121,96	3	427,771	-	-		4,549,734
Equipment	7,006,60	l	402,820	-	-		7,409,421
Improvements other than buildings	19,468,10	3	1,075,991	-	-		20,544,094
Less accumulated amortization for							
Right of use asset - financing leases	28,43	7	14,837	-	-		43,274
Total accumulated depreciation/							
amortization	30,625,10	1	1,921,419	-	-		32,546,523
Total capital assets being						•	
depreciated/amortized, net	32,758,41	5	(1,003,299)	-	1,705,762		33,460,879
Governmental activities capital							
assets, net	\$ 35,809,25	<u> </u>	1,516,646	\$ -	\$ -	\$	37,325,903

The City capitalized its governmental activities' infrastructure assets prospectively starting in the year ended December 31, 2003. During the year ended December 31, 2007, the City capitalized infrastructure retroactively back to July 1, 1980.

Depreciation and amortization expense for governmental activities was charged to functions/programs of the primary government in the statement of activities as follows:

General government	\$ 381,815
Public safety	225,427
Public works	916,220
Parks and recreation	397,957
Total depreciation and amortization expense -	
governmental activities	\$ 1,921,419

Capital asset activity for business-type activities for the year ended December 31, 2023, was as follows:

	D	Balance ecember 31, 2022	Additions	Retirements	Transfers	De	Balance ecember 31, 2023
Business-type activities:				_			
Capital assets, not being depreciated							
Land	\$	3,443,154	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	3,443,154
Construction in progress		686,003	 1,837,388		(1,428,648)		1,094,743
Total capital assets, not being							
depreciated		4,129,157	 1,837,388	<u>-</u>	(1,428,648)		4,537,897
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized							
Buildings		12,038,853	-	-	-		12,038,853
Equipment		17,168,672	499,920	62,927	-		17,605,665
Improvements other than buildings		96,244,929	208,090	-	1,428,648		97,881,667
Right of use asset - financing leases		430,847	-	-	-		430,847
Total capital assets, being							
depreciated/amortized		125,883,301	708,010	62,927	1,428,648		127,957,032
Less accumulated depreciation for							
Buildings		3,825,718	265,134	-	-		4,090,852
Equipment		14,606,394	692,336	62,927	_		15,235,803
Improvements other than buildings		60,093,000	1,700,362	-	-		61,793,362
Less accumulated amortization for							
Right of use asset - financing leases		132,801	81,926	-	-		214,727
Total accumulated depreciation/							
amortization		78,657,913	2,739,758	62,927	-		81,334,744
Total capital assets being							
depreciated/amortized, net		47,225,388	(2,031,748)	-	1,428,648		46,622,288
Business-type activities capital			<u> </u>				
assets, net	\$	51,354,545	\$ (194,360)	\$ 	\$ 	\$	51,160,185

9. FINANCING LEASES

Governmental Activities

In January 2021, the City entered into a five-year lease agreement for the rental of cardio equipment for the recreation center. The lease requires payments of \$17,984 per year, with payments due in January each year.

Business-type Activities

In November 2020, the City entered into a six-year lease agreement for the rental of sixty golf carts for the golf course. The lease requires payments of \$34,416 per year, with payments due in six installments from May through October each year.

In April 2021, the City entered into a five-year lease for the rental of various equipment for the golf course. The lease requires variable payments, with payments due in April each year.

In May 2022, the City entered into a six-year lease for the rental of a range picker golf car for the golf course. The lease requires payments of \$1,638 per year, with payments due in six installments from May through October each year.

In May 2022, the City entered into a six-year lease for the rental of a bistro golf car for the golf course. The lease requires payments of \$2,100 per year, with payments due in six installments from May through October each year.

See Note 8 for additional information regarding the right of use assets and Note 10 for additional information regarding the long-term debt related to these financing leases.

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments under the financing leases and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2023:

	Governmental		Business-type		
	A	ctivities	Activities		
Year ending December 31:					
2024	\$	17,984	\$	90,321	
2025		10,620		90,609	
2026		-		38,154	
2027		-		6,273	
Total minimum lease payments		28,604		225,357	
Less: amount representing interest		(2,266)		(29,190)	
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	26,338	\$	196,167	

10. LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of the City's long-term debt transactions for the year ended December 31, 2023:

	December 31, 2022		Additions		Deletions		December 31, 2023		Amount Due in One Year	
Governmental activities:										
Direct borrowing:										
Special limited obligation revenue bonds	\$	6,380,000	\$	-	\$	535,000	\$	5,845,000	\$	945,000
Plus (less):										
Unamortized bond premium		28,625		-		10,750		17,875		-
Unamortized bond discount		(21,508)		-		(4,869)		(16,639)		-
Financing leases (see Note 9)		41,721		-		15,383		26,338		16,341
Financed purchases		4,426,390		-		264,275		4,162,115		272,584
Compensated absences		529,810		460,691		393,210		597,291		350,822
Subtotal governmental activities		11,385,038		460,691		1,213,749		10,631,980		1,584,747
Business-type activities:										
Direct borrowing:										
Sewerage system revenue bonds		6,244,056		-		380,927		5,863,129		390,372
Notes payable		2,712,000		-		1,017,000		1,695,000		339,000
Financing leases (see Note 9)		274,333		-		78,166		196,167		79,563
Financed purchases		1,400,000		-		400,000		1,000,000		400,000
Compensated absences		343,976		297,509		237,214		404,271		315,968
Subtotal business-type activities		10,974,365		297,509		2,113,307		9,158,567		1,524,903
Total	\$	22,359,403	\$	758,200	\$	3,327,056	\$	19,790,547	\$	3,109,650

The compensated absences liability for governmental activities has typically been liquidated by the General Fund in prior years.

Long-term debt as of December 31, 2023, is comprised of the following individual issues:

Governmental activities:

Special Limited Obligation Revenue Bonds	S	Special	Limited	Obligation	n Revenue	Bonds:
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\$8,770,000 Tax Increment Revenue Bonds Series 2006 due in annual installments of \$170,000 to \$1,570,000 beginning June 1, 2008, and through June 1, 2028, plus interest of 4% to 5%.	\$	5,010,000
\$4,500,000 Capital Improvement Sales Tax Revenue Bonds Series 2005, due in annual installments of \$70,000 to \$450,000 beginning January 1, 2006, and through January 1, 2025, plus interest of 3% to 5%. To be repaid solely from the City's one-half cent sales tax for capital improvements.		835,000
Financed purchases:		
\$4,766,226 financed purchase agreement for the Parks and Recreation Community Center, due in monthly installments of \$33,148 beginning September 1, 2021 and through August 1, 2036, plus interest of 3.1%.		4,162,115
Total governmental activities	Ф.	
Total governmental activities	<u> </u>	10,007,115
Business-type activities:		
Sewerage System Revenue Bonds:		
\$13,000,000 Sewerage System Revenue Bonds Series 2015, due in annual installments of \$264,000 to \$359,000 through January 1, 2031, plus interest of 1.22%. To be repaid from charges for services from the City's Sewer Fund.	\$	5,863,129
Notes payable:		
\$3,390,000 Municipal Utility Emergency Loan Program note payable, due in annual instalments of \$339,000 through January 1, 2031, at 0% interest. To be repaid from charges for services from the City's Gas Fund.		1,695,000
Financed purchases:		
\$3,821,089 financed purchase agreement for the Public Facilities Complex, due in monthly installments of approximately \$33,000 to \$43,000 through June 1, 2026, plus interest of 3%.		1,000,000
Total business-type activities	\$	8,558,129

The annual requirements to amortize the City's long-term debt are as follows as of December 31, 2023:

	Governmental					Business-type			
		Acti	vities	3		Activities			
		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	
Year Ending December 31:									
2024	\$	1,217,584	\$	350,312	\$	1,129,372	\$	94,847	
2025		1,276,155		293,616		1,477,186		78,058	
2026		899,996		234,025		1,287,261		62,407	
2027		949,114		193,407		418,075		55,637	
2028		1,878,520		128,501		428,149		50,506	
2029-2033		1,694,363		294,492		2,300,674		171,125	
2034-2036		2,091,383		43,919		1,517,412		32,727	
Total debt payments	\$	10,007,115	\$	1,538,272	\$	8,558,129	\$	545,307	

Financed Purchases

Governmental Activities

On July 1, 2020, the City entered into a lease/purchase agreement with Central Trust Bank as trustee, lessor, and grantor. The lease/purchase agreement covers the cost to acquire, construct, improve, furnish, and equip certain improvements to the Legends Rec Plex, which are recorded in the General Fund. The agreement is for a maximum \$5,000,000, of which \$4,766,226 had been drawn and expended as of December 31, 2023. The total capitalized cost of the asset is \$9,415,102 with total accumulated amortization of \$529,600. Amortization expense is included with depreciation expense.

Business-type Activities

On April 1, 2015, the City entered into a lease/purchase agreement with Central Trust Bank as trustee, lessor, and grantor. The lease/purchase agreement covers the cost to acquire, construct, improve, furnish, and equip certain improvements to the Public Facilities Complex, which are recorded in the Electric, Gas, Water, and Solid Waste Enterprise Funds. The agreement is for a maximum \$4,000,000, of which \$3,821,089 had been drawn and expended as of December 31, 2023. The total capitalized cost of the asset is \$8,113,258 with total accumulated amortization of \$1,606,206. Amortization expense is included with depreciation expense.

These lease/purchase agreements qualify as financed purchases for accounting purposes because ownership transfers at the end of the agreement terms. Therefore, they have been recorded as debt at the present value of the future minimum payments as of the date of inception.

Sewerage System Revenue Bonds

In 2015, the City issued Sewerage System Revenue Bonds (State of Missouri – Direct Loan Program) Series 2015 not to exceed \$13,000,000 for the purpose of financing construction of extending and improving the City's sewerage system. As of December 31, 2023, \$7,884,949 had been drawn on these bonds. The project was completed during 2018. In connection with the issuance of these bonds, the City participates in a revolving loan program established by the Missouri Department of Natural Resources (DNR). The State of Missouri manages and invests the bond proceeds on behalf of the City. The costs of operation and maintenance of the wastewater improvements and the debt service is payable from operating revenues. The revenue bonds do not constitute a general obligation of the City.

Net revenues available for debt service are not to be less than 110% of the amount required to be paid annually of principal and interest. Net revenues for 2023 are approximately 687% of the annual principal and interest payments made during 2023. The total principal and interest paid for the current year and total net revenues were \$455,948 and \$3,133,175, respectively.

The State Constitution permits a city, by vote of two-thirds of the voting electorate, to incur general obligation indebtedness for "city purposes" not to exceed 10% of the assessed value of taxable tangible property and to incur additional general obligation indebtedness not to exceed, in the aggregate, an additional 10% of the assessed value of taxable tangible property, for the purpose of acquiring rights-of-way, construction, extending and improving streets and avenues and/or sanitary or storm wastewater systems, and purchasing or constructing waterworks, electric or other light plants, provided that the total general obligation indebtedness of the City does not exceed 20% of the assessed valuation of taxable property. Based on the assessed valuation as of January 1, 2023 of \$153,386,561, the constitutional total general obligation debt limit for "city purposes" was \$30,677,312, which provides a general obligation debt margin of \$30,677,312.

Notes Payable

In February 2021, the Midwest region, including Texas and Oklahoma, experienced an extended severe cold weather event with daily high temperatures near zero degrees. This event caused natural gas delivery equipment to freeze up and limited the availability of natural gas in a time of very high demand with the extreme cold temperatures. This limitation of natural gas during this event caused natural gas prices to soar, which had the effect of causing electric prices to soar for these few days since the electric industry has become reliant on natural gas generation.

In May 2021, a State of Missouri \$50 million relief fund for municipal utilities who experienced extraordinary natural gas and electric prices during this polar vortex event, named the Municipal Utility Emergency Loan Program (MUELP), was created.

In June 2021, the City received an MUELP loan in an amount not to exceed \$3,390,000. The City allocated \$164,554 and \$3,225,446 of the proceeds between the Electric and Gas Funds, respectively. The loan bears interest at 0% with a payback period of no more than five years. Notwithstanding any other provisions of the loan agreement, the first principal payment became due on January 1, 2022, and the final principal payment will be made on or before July 1, 2026.

11. PLEDGED REVENUES

The incremental increases in tax revenues and payments in lieu of taxes earned by the TIF Districts Fund are pledged for the debt service payments on the outstanding Tax Increment Revenue Bonds Series 2006 with a total outstanding balance of \$5,010,000 as of December 31, 2023. The debt was issued for the financing of capital improvements in the TIF Districts. Revenue earned by the TIF during the year ended December 31, 2023, pledged for the above debt issue totaled \$409,859 compared to total debt service expenditures of \$389,250.

The City collects a one-half cent capital improvement sales tax which is pledged for the debt service payments on the outstanding capital projects revenue bonds with a total outstanding balance of \$835,000 as of December 31, 2023. The revenue bonds were issued for improvements to the City's sewer and water systems. Revenue earned by the City from the capital improvement sales tax during the year ended December 31, 2023 totaled \$986,548 compared to total debt service expenditures of \$461,750.

12. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund balances and transfers between governmental funds are not included in the government-wide statement of net position or the government-wide statement of activities.

A summary of interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2023 follows:

	Transferred To								
		Governmen	ntal F	Funds	Proprietary funds				
		General	Non-Major		Water		Sewer		
		Fund	Funds		Fund		Fund		
Transferred From:									
Governmental Funds:									
General Fund	\$	-	\$	205,971	\$	-	\$	-	
Capital Improvement Sales Tax Fund		-		453,647		1,159,450		588,713	
Non-Major Funds		916,338		295,559		-		-	
Proprietary Funds:									
Electric Fund		1,025,000		-		-		-	
Gas Fund		70,000		-		-		-	
Water Fund		5,000		-		-		-	
Sewer Fund		315,000							
Total	\$	2,331,338	\$	955,177	\$	1,159,450	\$	588,713	

Transfers were made from the Capital Improvement Sales Tax Fund to the Water Fund to assist in financing the rehabilitation and repainting of the water tower and ground storage tank for Well #5. Transfers were made from the Capital Improvement Sales Tax Fund to the Sewer Fund to assist in financing the purchase of a new vac truck. Transfers were made from the proprietary funds to the governmental funds to assist in financing a portion of the governmental funds' expenditures.

Payment in Lieu of Taxes

The TIF Districts Fund received payments in lieu of property taxes from the incremental increase in property taxes assessed on properties in the TIF districts from the base year of 1996 to 2023. The City has recorded revenue of \$295,817 for 2023 and receivables of \$267,769 as of December 31, 2023.

Interfund Charges for Support Services

Interfund charges for support services paid to the General Fund were as follows:

Electric Fund	\$ 583,762
Gas Fund	583,762
Water Fund	83,400
Sewer Fund	166,789
Solid Waste Fund	 106,789
Total	\$ 1,524,502

Interfund Charges for Utility Services

The City departments and utilities are not charged for electric, gas, water and sewer services. The value of these services furnished to City departments and utilities for the year ended December 31, 2023, is as follows:

Electric Fund	\$ 309,961
Gas Fund	35,804
Water Fund	14,125
Sewer Fund	14,974
Total	\$ 374,864

13. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; worker's compensation claims, and natural disasters. The City carries coverage from commercial insurance companies for these risks of losses, except for property and casualty coverage, which is provided by the Missouri Intergovernmental Risk Management Association (MIRMA). MIRMA is a self-insurance pool created by the State of Missouri in 1981. MIRMA has the right to assess member's additional premiums when premiums do not produce sufficient funds to make claim payments due for the year and may also issue refunds when revenues exceed expenses and adequate reserves. No supplemental assessments were required by MIRMA for fiscal year 2023. No accrual has been made for any potential supplemental assessments for MIRMA because the amount of any such possible assessments is estimated to be insignificant to the financial statements. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year. In addition, no settlements have exceeded insurance coverage in the previous three fiscal years.

B. Litigation and Claims

In the normal course of City operations, the City is currently involved in various lawsuits and claims. The likely loss resulting from the litigation and claims cannot be estimated but is not believed to be material to the City's financial statements.

C. Landfill Closure and Post-closure Care Costs

State and federal laws and regulations require that the City place a final cover on its landfill when closed and perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site for thirty years after closure. The City's landfill was closed in May 2011, prior to reaching 100% capacity. Under generally accepted accounting principles, a liability has been recorded in the financial statements for the City's estimate of final landfill closure costs and for post-closure care costs. The liability is based on the amount that would be paid if all equipment, facilities and services required to close, monitor and maintain the landfill were acquired as of the end of the current fiscal year. However, the actual cost of closure and post-closure care may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in landfill laws and regulations.

Changes in the landfill closure and post-closure liability amount in 2023 were:

E	Beginning	Cu	rrent Yea	r	End
	of Year	(Changes		of Year
\$	2,206,684	\$		-	\$ 2,206,684

In connection with obtaining a permit for operation of a solid waste disposal area, the City has entered into a contract of obligation with the Missouri Department of Natural Resources. The contract is a financial assurance instrument that allows the Missouri Department of Natural Resources to collect the required amount from any state funds which could be dispersed to the City should the City fail to perform closure or post-closure care activities.

D. Health Insurance Plan

The City maintains a self-funded health insurance program with claims processed by Benefit Administration Systems on behalf of the City. A separate Insurance Fund (an internal service fund) was created on January 1, 2001, to account for and finance the health insurance program.

All funds of the City from which employees' salaries are paid participate in the health insurance program and make payments to the Insurance Fund based on actuarial estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims and to establish a reserve for catastrophic losses. Total contributions and transfers to the program during 2023 were \$1,215,750. An estimate of the liability for claims outstanding at the end of the fiscal year has been reported in the Health Insurance Fund.

Changes in the Health Insurance Fund's claims liability amount for each of the last three years were:

			Cı	urrent Year			
			C	Claims and		Less	
	Be	ginning of	C	Changes in		Claims	End
Year		Year]	Estimates]	Payments	 of Year
2021	\$	86,212	\$	1,285,484	\$	1,307,370	\$ 108,098
2022		108,098		1,304,959		1,222,730	25,869
2023		25,869		1,481,053		1,545,078	89,894

E. Contracts for Construction

As of December 31, 2023, the City had remaining commitments on contracts for various construction projects totaling \$1,102,518.

F. Electric Power

The City is a member of the Missouri Joint Municipal Electric Utility Commission d/b/a the Missouri Electric Commission (MEC). Through its membership in MEC, the City entered into a long-term agreement for the purchase of electric power from the Prairie State Energy Campus (Prairie State). Prairie State consists of two 800-Megawatt (MW) coal-fueled power plants currently operating in Washington County, Illinois. MEC has a proportionate ownership interest in the power plants, and is, therefore, committed to fund its proportional share of the development and construction, as well as the operating and plant closure costs. MEC will recover these costs through commitments from its members, including the City of Fulton, under life-of-unit take-or-pay unit power purchase agreements. The useful life as defined in the contract is at least 40 years. Under its agreement with MEC, the City will pay to MEC 5.13% of the proportionate costs of Prairie State and be entitled to 5.13% of the MW capacity and power of the plants. The City's commitment ends when the power units are taken out of service for purposes of retirement and decommissioning. Prairie State unit 1 was placed in commercial service in early June 2012 and unit 2 was placed in service in December 2012.

The City has a long-term agreement for the purchase of electric power from the City of Sikeston, Missouri. Under this agreement, the City of Fulton receives 11,000 Kilowatts (kw) of power from the Sikeston Power Station, Unit No. 1. The City is committed to pay the City of Sikeston 110% of: (1) its entitlement share of monthly power costs, (2) the actual cost of any additional capacity above its entitlement amount and (3) its proportionate share of fuel costs. The City's commitment ends at the end of the useful life of the power unit.

The City has a long-term agreement for the purchase of electric power from the United States Department of Energy Southwestern Power Administration. Under this agreement, the City receives 3,000 kw of hydroelectric peaking power, including 3600 kw hours of peaking contract energy. The rates under the agreement are set by statute. The current rates are \$4.5146 per kw of power plus a \$.0094 per kw hour energy charge and a purchase power adder of \$.0065 per kw hour. This contract became effective June 1, 2012 and expires May 31, 2027.

G. Gas Commitment

The City has a long-term agreement for the purchase of natural gas from the Interstate Municipal Gas Agency. The contract was signed on December 18, 2013 and is for the calendar years of 2015 – 2024. Under this contract, the City receives 274,000 Dekatherms (Dth) of natural gas each year of the contract period. The contract is for approximately 40 percent of the anticipated gas volume of the City and is at a rate of \$4.56/Dth.

H. Loan Guarantee

In July 2015, the City guaranteed a loan in the amount of \$200,000 made by the Fulton Area Development Foundation to the Callaway Arts Council. The loan's intent is to enable renovations and restoration at the old movie theater in Fulton's Brick District. The loan bears interest at 2% over 30 years with a ten-year balloon payment. Callaway Arts Council has agreed to pay ½% of the guaranteed debt to the City annually on the loan anniversary date. In the event the Callaway Arts Council is unable to make a loan payment, the City will be required to make that payment.

14. INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE

The City receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, state, and local governmental agencies in the form of grants. Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as intergovernmental receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on any of the financial statements or the individual fund-types included herein or on the overall financial position of the City as of December 31, 2023.

15. FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION

As of December 31, 2023, the South Business 54 Fund, a non-major governmental debt service fund, had a deficit of \$296,055, which is expected to be reduced by future transfers from the Capital Improvement Sales Tax Fund, a major governmental special revenue fund.

As of December 31, 2023, the Golf Course Fund, a major proprietary fund, had a deficit of \$3,249,325. The City is continuing to consider its options for covering the costs of operating the golf course.

As of December 31, 2023, the Municipal Garage Fund, an internal service fund, had a deficit of \$1,467,245, which is expected to be reduced by increased charges for use by other City funds.

As of December 31, 2023, the Health Insurance Fund, an internal service fund, had a deficit of \$887,803. The City is currently considering several options to reduce this deficit, including increasing the rate the City charges itself for employee coverage.

16. PENSION PLAN

General Information About the Pension Plan

The following information is presented in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, as amended by GASB Statement 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date*.

Plan Description

The City's defined benefit pension plan provides certain retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The City participates in the Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (LAGERS). LAGERS is an agent multiple-employer, statewide public employee pension plan established in 1967 and administered in accordance with RSMo. 70.600-70.755. As such, it is LAGERS' responsibility to administer the law in accordance with the expressed intent of the General Assembly. The plan is qualified under the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a) and is tax exempt. The responsibility for the operations and administration of LAGERS is vested in the LAGERS Board of Trustees consisting of seven persons. LAGERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained by accessing the LAGERS website at www.molagers.org.

Benefits Provided

LAGERS provides retirement, death and disability benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the employer, within the options available in the state statutes governing LAGERS. All benefits vest after 5 years of credited service. Employees who retire on or after age 60 (55 for police and fire) with 5 or more years of service are entitled to an allowance for life based upon the benefit program information provided below. Employees may retire with an early retirement benefit with a minimum of 5 years of credited service and after attaining age 55 (50 for police and fire) and receive a reduced allowance.

	2023 Valuation
Benefit multiplier	2%
Final average salary	5 years
Member contributions	4%

Benefit terms provide for annual post retirement adjustments to each member's retirement allowance subsequent to the member's retirement date. The annual adjustment is based on the increase in the Consumer Price Index and is limited to 4% per year.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of June 30, 2023, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Total	456
Active employees	149
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	117
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	190

Contributions

The City is required to contribute amounts at least equal to the actuarially determined rate, as established by LAGERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance an unfunded accrued liability. Full-time employees of the City contribute 4% of wages to the pension plan. The City's contribution rates are 11.2% (General), 2.8% (Police), and 15.1% (Fire) of annual covered payroll.

Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The City's net pension liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of February 28, 2023.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the February 28, 2023, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.75% wage, 2.25% price

Salary increase:

General 2.75% to 6.75%, including inflation Police 2.75% to 6.55%, including inflation Fire 2.75% to 7.15%, including inflation Investment rate of return 7.00%, net of investment expenses

Mortality rates were based on the PubG-2010 Retiree, PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree, PubG-2010 Employee, and PubS-2010 Employee mortality tables.

The actuarial assumptions used in the February 28, 2023, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period March 1, 2015 through February 29, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a model method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Alpha	15.00%	3.67%
Equity	35.00%	4.78%
Fixed income	31.00%	1.41%
Real assets	36.00%	3.29%
Strategic assets	8.00%	5.25%
Cash/leverage	-25.00%	-0.29%
	100.00%	=

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and employee contributions will be made at the rates agreed upon for employees and the actuarially determined rates for employers. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to pay all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

		Incre	ase (Decrease)	
	otal Pension .iability (a)		an Fiduciary t Position (b)	let Pension bility/(Asset) (a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$ 43,165,067	\$	48,043,776	\$ (4,878,709)
Changes for the year:				
Service cost	983,279		-	983,279
Interest	2,983,872		-	2,983,872
Difference between expected and				
actual experience	929,997		-	929,997
Changes of assumptions	-		-	-
Contributions - employer	-		884,344	(884,344)
Contributions - employee	-		331,777	(331,777)
Net investment income	-		1,681,175	(1,681,175)
Benefit payments, including refunds	(2,078,437)		(2,078,437)	-
Administrative expense	-		(63,471)	63,471
Other changes	 		(79,757)	 79,757
Net changes	 2,818,711		675,631	2,143,080
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$ 45,983,778	\$	48,719,407	\$ (2,735,629)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the employer's net pension liability (asset) would be using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.00%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate.

		(Currer	nt Single Discoun	t			
	1	% Decrease	Ra	te Assumption	1	1% Increase		
		(6.00%)		(7.00%)	(8.00%)			
Total pension liability	\$	52,470,963	\$	45,983,778	\$	40,655,183		
Plan fiduciary net position	\$	48,719,407	\$	48,719,407	\$	48,719,407		
Net pension liability/(asset)	\$	3,751,556	\$	(2,735,629)	\$	(8,064,224)		

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's net position is available in the separately issued LAGERS financial report.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized pension expense of \$437,848. The City reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Defe	rred Outflows	Defe	erred Inflows
	of	Resources	of	Resources
Differences between:				
Expected and actual experience	\$	893,395	\$	(228,353)
Projected and actual earnings on investments		719,954		-
Changes in assumptions		-		(157,292)
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date*		431,867		
Total	\$	2,045,216	\$	(385,645)

^{*}The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in the net pension liability (asset) for the year ending December 31, 2024.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending:	
2024	\$ 27,578
2025	(224,562)
2026	1,044,250
2027	377,756
2028	 2,682
Total	\$ 1,227,704

Payable to the Pension Plan

As of December 31, 2023, the City reported a payable of \$23,508 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year then ended.

17. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLANS

The City's employees participate in a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all eligible employees of the City, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseen emergency. Because the plan assets are held in trust exclusively for plan participants and beneficiaries and not subject to the City's creditors, the deferred compensation plan is not reported in the City's basic financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

LAGERS (PENSION PLAN) SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS Year Ended December 31, 2023

		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
Total pension liability																		
Service cost	\$	983,279	\$	1,005,486	\$	1,003,973	\$	932,125	\$	863,064	\$	848,434	\$	836,828	\$	805,069	\$	798,171
Interest on the total pension liability		2,983,872		2,835,688		2,916,789		2,709,883		2,578,485		2,448,201		2,333,814		2,137,100		1,978,450
Difference between expected and actual experience		929,997		357,336		(1,107,424)		776,862		(129,560)		(23,248)		(134,745)		159,276		799,735
Assumption changes		(2.079.427)		(2.062.190)		(717,521)		(1 (19 707)		(1.451.247)		(1.514.744)		(1.414.702)		983,370		(1.421.254)
Benefit payments		(2,078,437)		(2,063,180)		(1,581,237)	_	(1,618,707)		(1,451,247)	_	(1,514,744)		(1,414,703)	—	(1,360,501)		(1,421,354)
Net change in total pension liability		2,818,711		2,135,330		514,580		2,800,163		1,860,742		1,758,643		1,621,194		2,724,314		2,155,002
Total pension liability beginning		43,165,067		41,029,737		40,515,157	_	37,714,994		35,854,252		34,095,609		32,474,415	_	29,750,101		27,595,099
Total pension liability ending	\$	45,983,778	\$	43,165,067	\$	41,029,737	_\$	40,515,157	\$	37,714,994	\$	35,854,252	\$	34,095,609		32,474,415	\$	29,750,101
Plan fiduciary net position																		
Contributions - employer	\$	884,344	\$	899,602	\$	883,969	\$	818,837	\$	766,638	\$	726,296	\$	680,904	\$	668,413	\$	699,804
Contributions - employee	•	331,777	-	318,322	-	315,177	-	304,282	•	287,209	*	278,633	-	275,680	-	266,587	•	253,705
Pension plan net investment income		1,681,175		36,457		10,391,849		499,131		2,343,224		4,082,096		3,549,828		(57,593)		596,456
Benefit payments		(2,078,437)		(2,063,180)		(1,581,237)		(1,618,707)		(1,451,247)		(1,514,744)		(1,414,703)		(1,360,501)		(1,421,354)
Pension plan administrative expense		(63,471)		(44,193)		(41,288)		(54,449)		(47,326)		(32,693)		(32,363)		(32,383)		(34,951)
Other		(79,757)		671,106		(203,901)		182,483		(318,845)		(198,742)		(87,810)		53,818		7,556
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		675,631		(181,886)		9,764,569		131,577		1,579,653		3,340,846		2,971,536		(461,659)		101,216
Plan fiduciary net position beginning		48,043,776		48,225,662		38,461,093		38,329,516		36,749,863		33,409,017	_	30,437,481	_	30,899,140	_	30,797,924
Plan fiduciary net position ending	\$	48,719,407	\$	48,043,776	\$	48,225,662	\$	38,461,093	\$	38,329,516	\$	36,749,863	\$	33,409,017	\$	30,437,481	\$	30,899,140
Net pension liability/(asset)	\$	(2,735,629)	\$	(4,878,709)	\$	(7,195,925)	\$	2,054,064	\$	(614,522)	\$	(895,611)	\$	686,592	\$	2,036,934	\$	(1,149,039)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		105.95%		111.30%		117.54%		94.93%		101.63%		102.50%		97.99%		93.73%		103.86%
Covered payroll	\$	7,644,274	\$	7,585,686	\$	7,964,070	\$	7,786,308	\$	7,025,935	\$	6,665,358	\$	6,693,809	\$	6,533,535	\$	6,540,481
Net pension liability/(asset) as a percentage of covered payroll		-35.79%		-64.31%		-90.35%		26.38%		-8.75%		-13.44%		10.26%		31.18%		-17.57%

Note: This schedule will ultimately contain ten years of data.

LAGERS (PENSION PLAN) SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS – LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS Year Ended December 31, 2023

		2023		2022	2021		2020		2019
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	851,575	\$	872,443	\$ 937,763	\$	881,696	\$	801,539
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		851,575		872,443	 927,089		878,703		786,799
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$ 10,674	\$	2,993	\$	14,740
Covered payroll	\$ 5	8,310,049	\$	8,036,975	\$ 7,917,462	\$	8,101,494	\$ ′	7,374,198
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		10.25%		10.86%	11.71%		10.85%		10.67%
		2018		2017	2016		2015		2014
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	763,058	\$	718,885	\$ 650,651	\$	664,093	\$	755,930
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		751,220		706,846	 650,651		664,093		755,930
								Ф	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	11,838	\$	12,039	\$ -	\$		<u> </u>	
Contribution deficiency (excess) Covered payroll	\$ \$	7,039,922	<u>\$</u>	12,039	 6,750,497	<u>\$</u>	6,522,380	<u> </u>	5,314,244

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND

Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Actual	Original Budget	_Fi	nal Budget	F	Variance avorable/ nfavorable)
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$ 6,722,568	\$ 6,499,700	\$	6,499,700	\$	222,868
Licenses and permits	179,914	168,800		168,800		11,114
Intergovernmental revenues	1,422,176	1,758,025		1,758,025		(335,849)
Charges for services	2,330,006	2,326,578		2,326,578		3,428
Fines and forfeitures	6,686	14,500		14,500		(7,814)
Recreational fees	412,616	423,400		423,400		(10,784)
Miscellaneous:						
Rent	66,610	68,000		68,000		(1,390)
Interest	151,296	42,000		42,000		109,296
Contributions	2,625	-		-		2,625
Other	 302,127	26,600		26,600		275,527
Total revenues	 11,596,624	 11,327,603		11,327,603		269,021
EXPENDITURES						
Administration	1,268,497	1,255,054		1,255,054		(13,443)
Finance Department	794,815	940,198		940,198		145,383
Purchasing Department	181,304	194,595		194,595		13,291
Police Department	2,739,170	2,322,435		2,322,435		(416,735)
Fire Department	2,195,638	2,026,136		2,026,136		(169,502)
Planning and Protective Administration	95,898	458,567		458,567		362,669
Engineering Department	733,320	700,177		700,177		(33,143)
Street Maintenance Department	3,980,096	3,981,298		3,981,298		1,202
Traffic Control Department	145,579	168,326		168,326		22,747
Buildings and Ground Maintenance	618,422	454,080		454,080		(164,342)
Cemeteries Department	109,618	102,002		102,002		(7,616)
Parks and Recreation Administration	643,895	641,318		641,318		(2,577)
Parks and Recreation Pool	134,280	108,345		108,345		(25,935)
Parks and Recreation Center	427,620	488,853		488,853		61,233
Debt Service Payments	 413,153	 397,771		397,771		(15,382)
Total expenditures	14,481,305	14,239,155		14,239,155		(242,150)
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(2,884,681)	(2,911,552)		(2,911,552)		26,871
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	 	 				
Transfers in	2,331,338	3,179,415		3,179,415		(848,077)
Transfers (out)	(205,971)	(235,000)		(235,000)		29,029
Total other financing sources	2,125,367	2,944,415		2,944,415		(819,048)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing						
sources over (under) expenditures	\$ (759,314)	\$ 32,863	\$	32,863	\$	(792,177)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT SALES TAX Year Ended December 31, 2023

						V	ariance
			Original				vorable/
	 Actual		Budget	_F	inal Budget	(Un	favorable)
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$ 986,548	\$	997,500	\$	997,500	\$	(10,952)
Miscellaneous:							
Interest	 274,454		180,000		180,000		94,454
Total revenues	 1,261,002		1,177,500		1,177,500		83,502
EXPENDITURES							
Interest and fees	 6,588						(6,588)
Total expenditures	6,588						(6,588)
Excess of revenues over expenditures	 1,254,414		1,177,500		1,177,500		76,914
OTHER FINANCING USES							
Transfers out	 (2,201,810)	_	(2,227,100)		(2,227,100)		25,290
Total other financing uses	 (2,201,810)		(2,227,100)		(2,227,100)		25,290
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures							
and other financing uses	\$ (947,396)	\$	(1,049,600)	\$	(1,049,600)	\$	102,204

Required Supplementary Information Notes to the Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended December 31, 2023

Budgetary Information

The City's policy is to prepare the operating budgets in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. For governmental funds, the City prepared a budget for the General Fund and the Capital Improvement Sales Tax Fund for the year ended December 31, 2023.

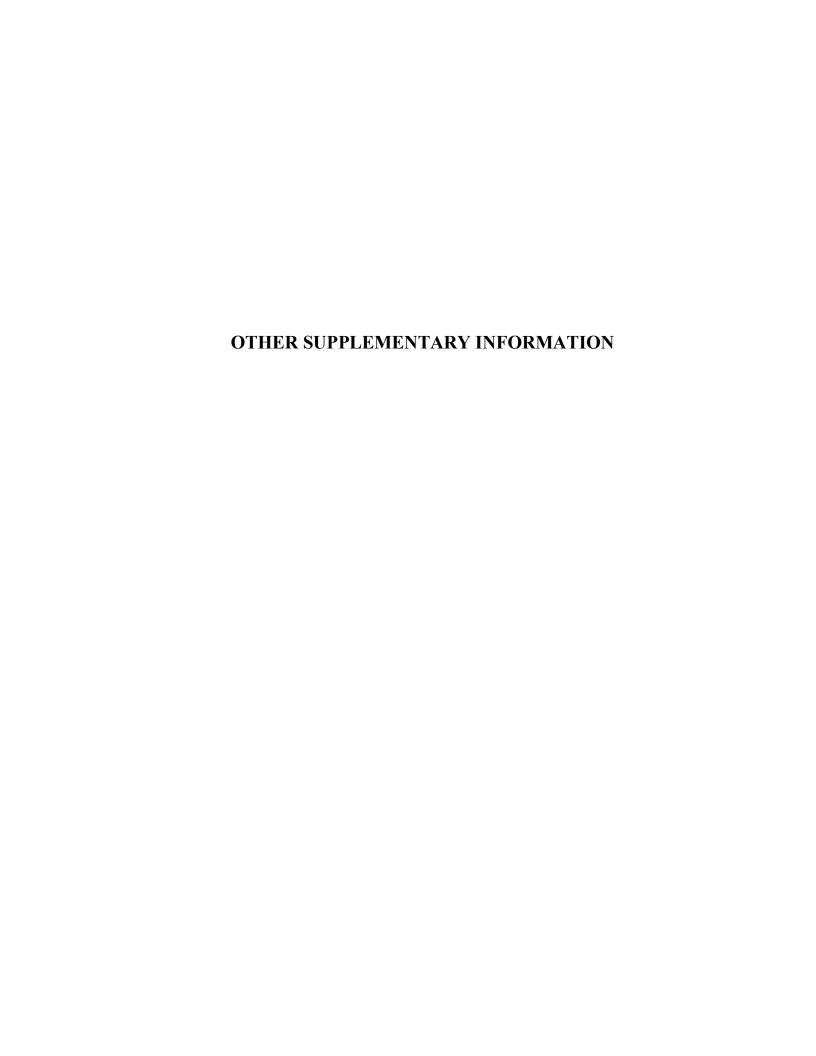
The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1) Prior to January 1, the Director of Administration submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal period commencing January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2) Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3) No later than January 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- 4) The budget is prepared by fund, function and department. The City's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within their respective departments. Changes to total budgeted appropriations for a department and a fund require approval of the City Council. The legal level of budgetary control is at the department level, based upon City Council approval.
- 5) All appropriations lapse at year-end.

The reported budgetary data represents the final approved budget after amendments as adopted by the City Council. The budget was not amended for the year.

The General Fund's actual expenditures exceeded budgeted expenditures by \$242,150 for the year ended December 31, 2023. This is due to additional expenditures being incurred that either were not budgeted for, or that the budget was not amended for.

The Capital Improvement Sales Tax Fund's actual expenditures exceeded budgeted expenditures by \$6,588 for the year ended December 31, 2023. This is also due to additional expenditures being incurred that either were not budgeted for, or that the budget was not amended for.



NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The following are the City of Fulton's non-major special revenue funds:

Police Fund – To account for forfeitures and other funds received by the Police Department and restricted for officer training.

TIF Districts Fund – To account for the accumulation of increased tax revenues that are disbursed in accordance with the TIF District plan documents.

Parks and Recreation/Stormwater Sales Tax Fund – To account for the collection and disbursement of the City's one-half cent sales tax for improvements to fund a new recreation center, fund stormwater improvements, and certain other improvements.

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Debt service funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest. Financial resources that are being accumulated for principal and interest maturing in future years are also reported in debt service funds. The following are the City of Fulton's non-major debt service funds:

South Business 54 Fund – To account for monies accumulated for payment of principal and interest on the \$8,770,000 Tax Increment Revenue Bonds issued in 2006.

Sewer Capital Improvement Sales Tax Fund – To account for the accumulation of monies for payment of principal and interest on the Capital Improvement Sales Tax Revenue special obligation bonds issued in the amount of \$6,000,000 to finance sewer extensions and improvements. Interest earnings from investments of the Missouri State Revolving Fund reserve account are provided to the City to subsidize interest payments on the special obligation bonds. Financing of the special obligation bonds debt service is to be from the City's one-half cent sales tax for capital improvements. A budget has not been legally adopted for this fund; as such, no budget is presented.

Water Capital Improvement Sales Tax Fund – To account for the accumulation of monies for the payment of principal and interest on the Water Capital Improvements Sales Tax bonds issued in 2005 in the amount of \$4,500,000. These funds were being used to finance an upgrade the City's water system. Interest earnings from investments of the Missouri State Revolving Fund reserve account are provided to the City to subsidize interest payments on the special obligation bonds. Financing of the special obligation bonds debt service is to be from the City's one-half cent sales tax for capital improvements.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2023

		Sp	ecia	l Revenue Fu	Revenue Funds Debt Service Funds									
		lice Fund	TIF Districts Fund		Parks and Recreation/ Stormwater Sales Tax Fund			South usiness 54 Fund	Im	wer Capital aprovement es Tax Fund	Im	ater Capital aprovement es Tax Fund		Total
ASSETS														
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	46,012	\$	982,432	\$	2,767,710	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,796,154
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		-		-		-		-		882,873		-		882,873
Restricted investments		-		-		-		58,731		-		217,079		275,810
Accounts receivable		-		314,236		174,518		-		-		-		488,754
Due from other funds		-		69,852				49,505						119,357
Total assets		46,012		1,366,520		2,942,228		108,236		882,873		217,079		5,562,948
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES														
LIABILITIES														
Due to other funds				49,505		5,018		404,291		280,804		134,239		873,857
Total liabilities				49,505		5,018		404,291		280,804		134,239		873,857
FUND BALANCES														
Restricted for:														
Public safety		46,012		-		-		-		-		-		46,012
Debt service		-		-		2,937,210		-		602,069		82,840		3,622,119
TIF Districts		-		1,317,015		-		-		-		-		1,317,015
Unassigned				-				(296,055)				-		(296,055)
Total fund balances		46,012		1,317,015		2,937,210		(296,055)		602,069		82,840		4,689,091
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND FUND BALANCES	\$	46,012	\$	1,366,520	\$	2,942,228	\$	108,236	\$	882,873	\$	217,079	\$	5,562,948
,			_		_		_		_		_		_	

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year Ended December 31, 2023

	S	pecial Revenue Fu	inds		Debt Service Fund	s	
	Police Fund	TIF Districts Fund	Parks and Recreation/ Stormwater Sales Tax Fund	South Business 54 Fund	Sewer Capital Improvement Sales Tax Fund	Water Capital Improvement Sales Tax Fund	Total
REVENUES						•	
Taxes	\$ -	\$ 97,257	\$ 986,064	\$ 38,602	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,121,923
Payments in lieu of taxes	-	295,817	-	-	-	-	295,817
Miscellaneous:	1 207	1705	107.942	((0(0 (50	141.260
Interest Other	1,387	16,785	107,843	6,696	-	8,658 35,668	141,369 35,668
Total revenues	1,387	409,859	1,093,907	45,298		44,326	1,594,777
EXPENDITURES							
General government	_	6,027	-	-	-	-	6,027
Public safety	3,000	-	-	-	-	-	3,000
Debt service:							
Principal	-	-	-	135,000	-	400,000	535,000
Interest and fees				261,000	-	61,750	322,750
Total expenditures	3,000	6,027		396,000	_	461,750	866,777
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	(1,613)	403,832	1,093,907	(350,702)	-	(417,424)	728,000
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	-	264,724	-	269,933	-	420,520	955,177
Transfers (out)		(266,183)	(945,714)				(1,211,897)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,459)	(945,714)	269,933		420,520	(256,720)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing							
sources (uses) over (under) expenditures	(1,613)	402,373	148,193	(80,769)	-	3,096	471,280
Fund balances, January 1	47,625	914,642	2,789,017	(215,286)	602,069	79,744	4,217,811
FUND BALANCES, December 31	\$ 46,012	\$ 1,317,015	\$ 2,937,210	\$ (296,055)	\$ 602,069	\$ 82,840	\$ 4,689,091

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE -SPECIAL REVENUE FUND POLICE FUND

Year Ended December 31, 2023

							Va	ariance
	Original					Favorable/		
	Actual		Budget		Final Budget		(Unfavorable)	
REVENUES								
Miscellaneous:								
Interest	\$	1,387	\$	40	\$	40	\$	1,347
Other				500		500		(500)
Total revenues		1,387		540		540		847
EXPENDITURES								
Public safety		3,000		300		300		(2,700)
Total expenditures		3,000		300		300		(2,700)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures	\$	(1,613)	\$	240	\$	240	\$	(1,853)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND TIF DISTRICTS FUND Year Ended December 31, 2023

								ariance
			Original				Favorable/	
	Actual		Budget		Final Budget		(Unfavorable)	
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	97,257	\$	85,000	\$	85,000	\$	12,257
Payments in lieu of taxes		295,817		234,000		234,000		61,817
Miscellaneous:								
Interest		16,785		500		500		16,285
Total revenues		409,859		319,500		319,500		90,359
EXPENDITURES								
General government		6,027		6,000		6,000		(27)
Total expenditures		6,027		6,000		6,000		(27)
Excess of revenues over expenditures		403,832		313,500		313,500		90,332
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		264,724		250,000		250,000		14,724
Transfers (out)		(266,183)		(563,500)		(563,500)		297,317
Total other financing (uses)		(1,459)		(313,500)		(313,500)		312,041
Excess of revenues over expenditures and								
other financing (uses)	\$	402,373	\$		\$		\$	402,373

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND PARKS & RECREATION AND STORMWATER SALES TAX Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Actual	Original Budget	Fir	nal Budget	Variance Favorable/ (Unfavorable)		
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$ 986,064	\$ 997,500	\$	997,500	\$	(11,436)	
Miscellaneous:							
Interest	 107,843	 				107,843	
Total revenues	 1,093,907	997,500		997,500		96,407	
OTHER FINANCING USES							
Transfers out	(945,714)					(945,714)	
Total other financing uses	(945,714)					(945,714)	
Excess of revenues over other financing uses	\$ 148,193	\$ 997,500	\$	997,500	\$	(849,307)	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE DEBT SERVICE FUND SOUTH BUSINESS 54 FUND Year Ended December 31, 2023

		Original				/ariance avorable/
	Actual	Budget	Fin	nal Budget	_(Un	favorable)
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$ 38,602	\$ 45,000	\$	45,000	\$	(6,398)
Miscellaneous:						
Interest	6,696	 350		350		6,346
Total revenues	45,298	45,350		45,350		(52)
EXPENDITURES						
Principal	135,000	392,850		392,850		257,850
Interest and fees	261,000	216,000		216,000		(45,000)
Total expenditures	 396,000	 608,850		608,850		212,850
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	 (350,702)	(563,500)		(563,500)		212,798
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Transfers in	269,933	 563,500		563,500		(293,567)
Total other financing sources	 269,933	563,500		563,500		(293,567)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other						
financing sources over (under) expenditures	\$ (80,769)	\$ 	\$	_	\$	(80,769)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE -DEBT SERVICE FUND WATER CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT SALES TAX FUND

Year Ended December 31, 2023

		Original				ariance vorable/
	Actual	Budget	Fir	nal Budget	(Un	favorable)
REVENUES						
Miscellaneous:						
Interest	\$ 8,658	\$ 500	\$	500	\$	8,158
Other	 35,668	 47,000		47,000		(11,332)
Total revenues	44,326	47,500		47,500		(3,174)
EXPENDITURES						
Principal	400,000	400,000		400,000		=
Interest and fees	 61,750	53,250		53,250		(8,500)
Total expenditures	 461,750	 453,250		453,250		(8,500)
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	 (417,424)	(405,750)		(405,750)		(11,674)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Transfers in	 420,520	 424,000		424,000		(3,480)
Total other financing sources	420,520	 424,000		424,000		(3,480)
Excess of revenues and other financing						
sources over expenditures	\$ 3,096	\$ 18,250	\$	18,250	\$	(15,154)

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal service funds are used to account and report activity that provides goods or services to other City funds, departments, or agencies on a cost-reimbursement basis. The following are the City of Fulton's internal service funds:

Municipal Garage Fund – To account for internal charges to the various City departments and for expenses related to operating the facilities for City vehicles and equipment maintenance.

Health Insurance Fund – To account for internal charges of premiums to the various City departments and for claims and administrative expenses of the City's self-insured health plan for employees.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS December 31, 2023

	Municipal Garage Fund	Health Insurance Fund	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ 338,401	\$ 338,401
Accounts receivable	-	153	153
Inventory	9,383	-	9,383
Prepaid items	3,353		3,353
Total current assets	12,736	338,554	351,290
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment, net of			
accumulated depreciation	1,264	-	1,264
Net pension asset	27,352		27,352
Total non-current assets	28,616		28,616
Total assets	41,352	338,554	379,906
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension plan contributions	4,319	-	4,319
Pension plan other	16,141		16,141
Total deferred outflows of resources	20,460		20,460
LIABILITIES Current liabilities			
Due to other funds	1,513,812	1,134,539	2,648,351
Accounts payable	4,101	1,924	6,025
Accrued expenses	2,363	-	2,363
Claims liability	-	89,894	89,894
Compensated absences	2,560		2,560
Total current liabilities	1,522,836	1,226,357	2,749,193
Long-term liabilities Compensated absences	2,364		2,364
Total long-term liabilities	2,364		2,364
Total liabilities	1,525,200	1,226,357	2,751,557
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension plan other	3,857		3,857
Total deferred inflows of resources	3,857		3,857
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	1,264	-	1,264
Restricted for net pension asset	27,352	-	27,352
Unrestricted	(1,495,861)	(887,803)	(2,383,664)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ (1,467,245)	\$ (887,803)	\$ (2,355,048)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Municipal trage Fund	Inst	Health rance Fund	Total
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for services	\$ 289,676	\$	-	\$ 289,676
Contributions from City, employees, retirees	-		1,215,750	 1,215,750
Total operating revenues	 289,676		1,215,750	1,505,426
OPERATING EXPENSES				
System facilities and operations	216,940		-	216,940
Depreciation and amortization	1,365		-	1,365
Claims expense			1,855,920	 1,855,920
Total operating expenses	218,305		1,855,920	2,074,225
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	 71,371		(640,170)	(568,799)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES				
Interest income	-		19,628	19,628
Other	 		17,959	 17,959
Total non-operating revenues	_		37,587	37,587
NET INCOME (LOSS)	71,371		(602,583)	(531,212)
Net position, January 1	 (1,538,616)		(285,220)	(1,823,836)
NET POSITION, DECEMBER 31	\$ (1,467,245)	\$	(887,803)	\$ (2,355,048)

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Aunicipal rage Fund	Ins	Health urance Fund	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Cash received from customers	\$ 289,676	\$	1,215,750	\$ 1,505,426
Cash received from other sources	-		17,959	17,959
Cash paid to vendors	(78,187)		(1,791,895)	(1,870,082)
Cash paid to employees	(162,359)			(162,359)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	 49,130		(558,186)	 (509,056)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL				
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Interfund payables	-		545,785	545,785
Interfund receivables	(49,130)		-	(49,130)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	(49,130)		545,785	496,655
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Interest income			19,628	19,628
Net cash provided by investing activities			19,628	19,628
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	-		7,227	7,227
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	-		331,174	331,174
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS,				
END OF YEAR	\$ _	\$	338,401	\$ 338,401
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME				
(LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY				
OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Operating income (loss)	\$ 71,371	\$	(640, 170)	\$ (568,799)
Adjustments:				
Depreciation and amortization	1,365		-	1,365
(Increase) decrease in assets and deferred outflows:				
Inventory	2,838		-	2,838
Prepaid items	572		-	572
Net pension asset	21,439		-	21,439
Deferred outflows - pension	(10,923)		-	(10,923)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities and deferred inflows:				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(22,137)		-	(22,137)
Claims liability	(789)		64,025	63,236
Deferred inflows - pension	(14,606)			(14,606)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 49,130	\$	(558,186)	\$ (509,056)

NON-MAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Airport Fund – The Airport Fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the City's airport.

Off Street Parking Fund – The Off Street Parking Fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance of City-owned parking lots.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NON-MAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS December 31, 2023

	Airport Fund	Off Street Parking Fund	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ 261,653	\$ 261,653
Accounts receivable	183,733	1,081	184,814
Inventory	33,311	-	33,311
Prepaid items	1,709		1,709
Total current assets	218,753	262,734	481,487
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment, net of			
accumulated depreciation	6,020,421	320,023	6,340,444
Net pension asset	5,138		5,138
Total non-current assets	6,025,559	320,023	6,345,582
Total assets	6,244,312	582,757	6,827,069
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension plan contributions	814	-	814
Pension plan other	3,032		3,032
Total deferred outflows of resources	3,846		3,846
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Due to other funds	1,116,308	-	1,116,308
Accounts payable	102,101	406	102,507
Accrued expenses	527	-	527
Customer deposits	6,744		6,744
Total current liabilities	1,225,680	406	1,226,086
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension plan other	725		725
Total deferred inflows of resources	725		725
NET POSITION			
Invested in capital assets	6,020,421	320,023	6,340,444
Restricted for net pension asset	5,138	-	5,138
Unrestricted	(1,003,806)	262,328	(741,478)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 5,021,753	\$ 582,351	\$ 5,604,104

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION NON-MAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended December 31, 2023

	A	irport Fund	ff Street king Fund	Total
OPERATING REVENUES		nperer with	 	
Charges for services	\$	240,336	\$ 15,837	\$ 256,173
Total operating revenues		240,336	 15,837	 256,173
OPERATING EXPENSES				
System facilities and operations		110,268	-	110,268
Contractual expenses		26,135	4,944	31,079
Depreciation and amortization		200,990	 1,853	 202,843
Total operating expenses		337,393	 6,797	344,190
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(97,057)	9,040	(88,017)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES				
Interest income		-	7,378	7,378
Other		22,124	 	 22,124
Total non-operating revenues		22,124	7,378	29,502
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS		(74,933)	16,418	(58,515)
Capital contributions		223,040	-	223,040
NET INCOME		148,107	16,418	 164,525
Net position, January 1		4,873,646	565,933	5,439,579
NET POSITION, DECEMBER 31	\$	5,021,753	\$ 582,351	\$ 5,604,104

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF CASH FLOWS NON-MAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Aiı	port Fund	Off Street king Fund	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Cash received from customers	\$	240,646	\$ 16,636	\$ 257,282
Cash received from other sources		22,124	-	22,124
Cash paid to vendors		(36,733)	(5,603)	(42,336)
Cash paid to employees		(767)		(767)
Net cash provided by operating activities		225,270	11,033	 236,303
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Net change in grant receivables		(180,656)	-	(180,656)
Interfund receivables		(71,931)	-	(71,931)
Net cash used by noncapital financing activities		(252,587)	-	(252,587)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Payment for capital acquisitions		(195,723)	-	(195,723)
Grant receipts		223,040	 	223,040
Net cash provided by capital and related financing activities		27,317		27,317
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Interest income		-	7,378	7,378
Net cash provided by investing activities			7,378	7,378
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		-	18,411	18,411
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		-	243,242	243,242
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$		\$ 261,653	\$ 261,653
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Operating income (loss) Adjustments:	\$	(97,057)	\$ 9,040	\$ (88,017)
Depreciation and amortization		200,990	1,853	202,843
Other non-operating revenue		22,124	-	22,124
(Increase) decrease in assets and deferred outflows:				
Accounts receivable		-	799	799
Net pension asset		4,025	-	4,025
Deferred outflows - pension		(2,050)	-	(2,050)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities and deferred inflows:				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		99,669	(659)	99,010
Deferred inflows - pension		(2,744)	· -	(2,744)
Customer deposits		313		313
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	225,270	\$ 11,033	\$ 236,303





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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH **GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council of the City of Fulton

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Fulton (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 20, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

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As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Columbia, Missouri June 20, 2024

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE AS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council of the City of Fulton

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Fulton (the City's) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2023. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the City's federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the City's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the City's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Columbia, Missouri June 20, 2024

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SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Assistance			
	Listing	Pass-Through		
	Number	Number	Expenditu	res
U.S. Department of Justice				
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	16.607	N/A	\$ 4,08	86
Total U.S. Department of Justice			4,08	86
U.S. Department of Transportation				
Passed through the MO Department of Transportation:				
		21-040A-1		
		21-040A-2		
Airport Improvement Program	20.106	23-040A-1	223,04	40
		TIDP-2700509		
		TAP-2700510		
		TAP-2700511		
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	TEAP-069	1,093,34	44_
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			1,316,38	84
Total expenditures of federal awards			\$ 1,320,4	70

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes only the current year federal grant activity of the City and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. This information is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Amounts presented in this schedule as expenditures may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements, although such differences are not material.

2. INDIRECT COST RATE

The City has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

A. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

- 1. The auditors' report expresses an unmodified opinion on whether the financial statements of the City were prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).
- 2. No deficiencies relating to the audit of the financial statements are reported in the "Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*."
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the City, which would be required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. No deficiencies relating to the audit of the major federal award programs is reported in the "Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and Report on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance."
- 5. The auditors' report on compliance for the major federal award programs for the City expresses an unmodified opinion on the major federal program.
- 6. No audit findings relative to the major federal award programs for the City, that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a), are reported in Part C of this Schedule.
- 7. The program tested as a major federal program includes:

Assistance
Listing
Number
20.205

Highway Planning and Construction

- 8. The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and B programs was \$750,000.
- 9. The City did not qualify as a low-risk auditee for the year ended December 31, 2023.

B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

None.

C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

None.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

There were no prior audit findings.



DESCRIPTION OF STATISTICAL SECTION

This section of the City of Fulton's annual report presents statistical information about the financial health of the government. There are five categories of statistical information as explained by the following.

Financial Trend Information (Tables 1-4)

These schedules contain information on the City's financial performance for the current year and prior years, as applicable. Tables 1-2 show government-wide net position and changes in net position. Tables 3-4 show fund balances and changes in fund balances of governmental funds only.

Revenue Capacity Information (Tables 5-11)

These schedules contain information on the City's significant local revenue sources: property tax, sales tax and tax increment and financing revenue. Tables 5-6 provide information on the City's assessed valuation and direct and overlapping property tax rates. Table 7 shows the direct and overlapping sales tax rates. Table 8 provides a listing of principal property taxpayers based on assessed valuation for the current year and for nine years ago. Tables 9-11 show the tax levies and collection information.

Debt Capacity Information (Tables 12-16)

These schedules present information on the City's current levels of outstanding debt and ability to issue additional debt. Table 12 provides a breakdown by governmental and business-type activities of long-term debt. Table 13 shows only general obligation bonded debt payable prior to maturity. Table 14 provides the overlapping debt and the portion attributable to the City's taxpayers. Table 15 shows the legal debt margin limitations. Table 16 shows the operating revenue available to cover the revenue bond debt service.

Demographic and Economic Information (Tables 17-18)

These schedules present demographic and economic indicators for the last ten years, and the principal employers and percentage of workforce for the current year.

Operating Information (Tables 19-20)

These tables provide information about the City government, such as full-time employees, selected service indicators by function and selected operating indicators and information about capital assets.

Note: Unless otherwise noted, the information provided in this section is obtainable from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.

CITY OF FULTON, MISSOURI Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis)

					Fiscal	l Year	•				
	2014	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>		2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Governmental activities											
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 17,526,324	\$ 19,205,501	\$ 19,300,373	\$ 19,339,440	\$ 20,737,220	\$	21,617,016	\$ 26,186,417	\$ 246,713,334	\$ 24,954,030	\$ 27,291,214
Restricted	7,103,708	6,965,490	6,115,373	5,300,318	7,464,107		8,571,981	11,902,508	15,534,004	13,709,036	11,953,399
Unrestricted	(1,117,599)	(669,825)	883,046	2,013,796	(636,954)		(1,319,626)	(4,860,486)	(4,892,334)	(348,639)	(210,357)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 23,512,433	\$ 25,501,166	\$ 26,298,792	\$ 26,653,554	\$ 27,564,373	\$	28,869,371	\$ 33,228,439	\$ 257,355,004	\$ 38,314,427	\$ 39,034,256
Business-type activity											
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 38,482,738	\$ 41,869,758	\$ 44,103,209	\$ 44,291,280	\$ 44,796,016	\$	44,379,692	\$ 45,185,520	\$ 43,755,359	\$ 43,436,156	\$ 44,100,889
Restricted	340,076	340,076	340,076	340,076	667,212		564,540	340,076	2,968,503	2,122,102	1,339,312
Unrestricted	 14,586,133	13,691,121	16,529,512	 16,920,819	17,018,135		18,635,660	15,011,532	11,688,369	 11,106,775	17,530,118
Total business-type activity net position	\$ 53,408,947	\$ 55,900,955	\$ 60,972,797	\$ 61,552,175	\$ 62,481,363	\$	63,579,892	\$ 60,537,128	\$ 58,412,231	\$ 56,665,033	\$ 62,970,319
Primary government											
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 57,688,239	\$ 61,170,131	\$ 63,311,361	\$ 63,630,720	\$ 65,533,236	\$	65,996,708	\$ 71,371,937	\$,,	\$ 68,390,186	\$ 71,392,103
Restricted	7,305,566	6,455,449	5,081,243	5,640,394	8,131,319		9,136,521	12,242,584	18,502,507	15,831,138	13,292,711
Unrestricted	 13,916,308	 14,574,167	 17,978,858	 18,934,615	 16,381,181		17,316,034	 10,151,406	6,796,035	 10,758,136	 17,319,761
Total primary government net position	\$ 78,910,113	\$ 82,199,747	\$ 86,371,462	\$ 88,205,729	\$ 90,045,736	\$	92,449,263	\$ 93,765,927	\$ 93,725,235	\$ 94,979,460	\$ 102,004,575

NOTE: The City implemented GASB 68 for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2015. However, prior years were not restated.

CITY OF FULTON, MISSOURI Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis)

									Fisca	ıl Year							
	 2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021	2022	2023
Expenses																	
Governmental activities:																	
General government	\$ 2,168,239	\$	3,397,107	\$	2,465,933	\$	2,160,756	\$	2,833,511	\$	2,555,661	\$	2,552,010	\$	2,493,684	\$ 2,503,164	\$ 3,166,323
Public safety	4,002,037		3,991,169		4,330,403		4,360,530		4,352,641		4,461,197		4,418,107		4,096,144	4,062,401	4,940,136
Public works	2,616,820		2,549,988		2,744,756		2,873,627		2,774,370		2,982,428		3,048,447		2,742,570	2,758,442	2,935,398
Parks and recreation	805,868		867,543		927,381		884,185		687,489		781,284		609,025		1,013,456	1,449,646	1,608,704
Building and grounds maintenance	396,791		387,806		492,975		499,179		458,272		491,852		499,387		524,195	579,525	579,776
Interest and fees	 661,389		548,737		523,601		479,743		461,192		436,793		422,727		542,759	 482,587	 444,114
Total governmental activities expenses	 10,651,144		11,742,350		11,485,049		11,258,020		11,567,475		11,709,215		11,549,703		11,412,808	11,835,765	13,674,451
Business-type activity:																	
Electrical	13,407,571		13,221,218		12,572,328		12,805,677		13,477,925		12,810,812		13,095,299		12,835,643	14,475,588	14,211,630
Gas	5,850,379		4,409,801		4,536,348		4,835,429		5,176,298		5,114,923		5,388,710		9,201,476	7,480,435	5,926,875
Water	1,655,557		1,356,531		1,672,767		1,639,553		1,658,445		1,759,733		1,731,630		1,609,272	1,572,830	1,672,041
Sewer	1,853,535		1,817,689		2,036,193		2,078,611		2,206,998		2,493,238		2,677,501		2,578,508	2,579,089	2,906,814
Solid waste	1,546,304		1,524,608		1,746,105		1,879,998		1,759,025		1,862,787		1,741,727		1,730,060	1,854,526	2,205,104
Airport	295,073		232,645		252,808		321,688		335,451		338,559		298,751		321,793	401,155	337,393
Parking facilities	16,519		37,923		16,420		16,425		17,497		18,302		18,311		18,066	18,066	6,797
Golf	 661,944		672,296		673,282		688,773		652,553		703,121		862,133		827,065	 1,005,724	 1,169,905
Total business-type activity expenses	 25,286,882		23,272,711		23,506,251		24,266,154		25,284,192		25,101,475		25,814,062		29,121,883	 29,387,413	 28,436,559
Total primary government expenses	\$ 35,938,026	\$	35,015,061	\$	34,991,300	\$	35,524,174	\$	36,851,667	\$	36,810,690	\$	37,363,765	\$	40,534,691	\$ 41,223,178	\$ 42,111,010
Program Revenues																	
Governmental activities:																	
Charges for services:																	
General government	\$ 1,658,312	\$	1,728,430	S	1,829,694	\$	1,982,863	\$	2,118,909	\$	2,160,894	S	1,927,012	S	2,080,815	\$ 2,209,592	\$ 2,079,513
Public safety	153,523	•	122,139		151,116		141,034	-	113,042		153,879	-	75,457	-	60,344	88,378	69,146
Public works	706,913		644,435		628,971		645,076		557,094		562,923		598,201		607,967	752,980	707,808
Parks and recreation	122,795		163,556		122,861		113,287		119,241		123,058		71,859		223,373	397,827	412,616
Building and grounds maintenance	6,678		4,599		8,896		3,063		4,990		5,749		6,125		10,566	19,340	16,425
Interest and fees	184,922		127,063		110,812		80,406		79,646		167,559		69,312		57,541	49,027	15,354
Miscellaneous																	
Operating grants and contributions	48,381		71,582		51,203		61,004		191,691		239,559		293,448		280,320	137,723	58,061
Capital grants and contributions	 322,690		49,097						182,858							 	 1,364,115
Total governmental activities program revenues	 3,204,214		2,910,901		2,903,553	_	3,026,733		3,367,471		3,413,621		3,041,414		3,320,926	 3,654,867	 4,723,038
Business-type activity:																	
Electrical	14,071,058		13,864,321		15,028,201		14,228,316		15,097,352		14,919,585		14,125,458		14,579,819	14,962,261	14,798,246
Gas	6,184,447		4,891,823		4,479,703		4,763,105		5,331,277		5,623,934		5,961,139		6,265,723	6,886,594	6,825,539
Water	1,656,169		1,672,336		1,600,920		1,576,529		1,576,715		1,494,880		1,506,052		1,533,202	1,652,594	1,615,161
Sewer	2,536,614		2,801,048		2,943,813		3,111,947		3,115,816		3,015,931		3,015,890		3,047,585	3,151,779	3,159,051
Solid waste	1,688,594		1,723,736		1,746,086		1,852,315		1,791,472		1,793,783		1,812,436		1,922,446	2,054,115	2,046,749
Airport	161,853		133,134		121,579		149,106		164,841		186,324		146,678		192,977	215,148	240,336
Parking facilities	28,018		18,580		18,852		20,136		18,989		17,934		15,340		18,495	18,640	15,837
Golf	506,765		481,826		537,254		516,289		504,696		608,970		861,709		900,995	996,316	1,193,031
Operating grants and contributions	26,057		-		-		-		-		75,450		-		-	-	208,000
Capital grants and contributions	 466,167		515,470		1,896,193		115,618				37,062		537,568		217,636	42,205	223,040
Total business-type activity program revenues	 27,325,742		26,102,274		28,372,601		26,333,361		27,601,158		27,773,853		27,982,270		28,678,878	 29,979,652	30,324,990
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 30,529,956	\$	29,013,175	\$	31,276,154	\$	29,360,094	\$	30,968,629	\$	31,187,474	\$	31,023,684	\$	31,999,804	\$ 33,634,519	\$ 35,048,028

(continued)

CITY OF FULTON, MISSOURI Changes in Net Position (continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis)

	Fiscal Year															
		2014		2015	<u>2016</u>			2017		2018		2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Net (expense)/revenue																
Governmental activities	\$	(8,831,449)	\$	(8,831,449)	\$	(8,581,496)	\$	(8,231,287)	\$	(8,200,004)	\$	(8,295,594)	\$ (8,508,289)	\$ (8,091,882)	\$ (8,180,898)	\$ (8,951,413)
Business-type activity		2,829,563		2,829,563		4,866,350		2,067,207		2,316,966		2,671,378	2,168,208	(443,005)	592,239	1,888,431
Total primary government net expense	\$	(6,001,886)	\$	(6,001,886)	\$	(3,715,146)	\$	(6,164,080)	\$	(5,883,038)	\$	(5,624,216)	\$ (6,340,081)	\$ (8,534,887)	\$ (7,588,659)	\$ (7,062,982)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position																
Governmental activities:																
Taxes																
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	\$	553,889	\$	637,883	\$	680,398	\$	889,412	\$	654,097	\$	778,900	\$ 718,291	\$ 841,713	\$ 862,659	\$ 812,180
Payments in lieu of taxes		1,128,300		545,461		182,155		116,421		200,169		150,516	215,237	235,255	238,573	295,817
General sales tax		3,284,273		3,240,058		3,421,841		4,146,345		4,247,519		4,293,571	4,468,015	5,498,290	5,742,799	5,940,281
Franchise tax		1,546,621		1,419,592		1,435,948		1,444,248		1,491,967		1,508,350	1,351,031	1,383,207	1,406,475	1,380,612
Motor fuel tax		385,042		394,270		398,396		402,316		400,838		404,947	380,839	413,570	479,981	507,836
Other tax		472,936		355,537		316,956		352,114		141,284		138,490	184,327	119,340	133,319	137,907
Interest income		31,446		32,095		46,844		70,169		150,700		183,478	39,251	12,295	122,005	571,393
Miscellaneous income		133,156		79,982		70,312		227,151		36,249		57,880	13,826	(160,223)	13,510	358,379
Net transfers (to) from other funds		1,900,000		1,388,000		399,325		1,838,000		1,788,000		2,084,460	 5,496,540	 1,833,000	 2,183,000	 (333,163)
Total governmental activities		9,435,663		8,092,878		6,952,175	_	9,486,176		9,110,823		9,600,592	 12,867,357	 10,176,447	 11,182,321	 9,671,242
Business-type activity:																
Interest income		43,761		39,232		62,882		170,215		293,764		360,116	29,029	4,066	115,264	611,828
Net transfers (to) from other funds		(1,900,000)		(1,388,000)		(399,325)		(1,838,000)		(1,788,000)		(2,084,460)	(5,496,540)	(1,833,000)	(2,183,000)	333,163
Miscellaneous income		134,088		127,268		122,230		179,956		106,458		151,495	256,359	 147,042	 166,963	 3,471,864
Total business-type activity		(1,722,151)		(1,221,500)		(214,213)		(1,487,829)		(1,387,778)		(1,572,849)	 (5,211,152)	 (1,681,892)	 (1,900,773)	 4,416,855
Total primary government	\$	7,713,512	\$	6,871,378	\$	6,737,962	\$	7,998,347	\$_	7,723,045	\$	8,027,743	\$ 7,656,205	\$ 8,494,555	\$ 9,281,548	\$ 14,088,097
Changes in net position																
Governmental activities	\$	604,214	\$	(738,571)	\$	(1,629,321)	\$	1,254,889	\$	910,819	\$	1,304,998	\$ 4,359,068	\$ 2,084,565	\$ 3,001,423	\$ 719,829
Business-type activity		1,107,412		1,608,063		4,652,137		579,378		929,188		1,098,529	(3,042,764)	(2,124,897)	(1,308,534)	6,305,286
Total primary government	\$	1,711,626	\$	869,492	\$	3,022,816	\$	1,834,267	\$	1,840,007	\$	2,403,527	\$ 1,316,304	\$ (40,332)	\$ 1,692,889	\$ 7,025,115

NOTE: The City implemented GASB 68 for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2015. However, prior years were not restated.

CITY OF FULTON, MISSOURI Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis)

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	2017	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	2021	<u>2022</u>	2023
General Fund										
Nonspendable	\$ 293,204	\$ 280,392	\$ 286,153	\$ 311,559	\$ 385,669	\$ 330,869	\$ 361,948	\$ 370,884	\$ 389,919	\$ 400,516
Reserved/Restricted	992	992	992	992	992	992	3,405,977	1,362,232	992	992
Unreserved/Unassigned	 159,376	 141,257	1,049,490	2,183,366	 1,123,275	582,649	 (2,916,415)	619,816	 2,378,192	1,608,281
Total General Fund	\$ 453,572	\$ 422,641	\$ 1,336,635	\$ 2,495,917	\$ 1,509,936	\$ 914,510	\$ 851,510	\$ 2,352,932	\$ 2,769,103	\$ 2,009,789
All other governmental funds										
Reserved/Restricted	\$ 6,938,498	\$ 6,088,241	\$ 4,714,175	\$ 5,587,389	\$ 6,868,641	\$ 8,154,931	\$ 8,470,531	\$ 9,578,274	\$ 10,585,361	\$ 10,190,014
Unassigned	 (29,889)	 (50,127)	(207,903)	(356,743)	 (356,120)	(251,858)	(330,393)	(321,219)	(215,286)	(296,055)
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 6,908,609	\$ 6,038,114	\$ 4,506,272	\$ 5,230,646	\$ 6,512,521	\$ 7,903,073	\$ 8,140,138	\$ 9,257,055	\$ 10,370,075	\$ 9,893,959

CITY OF FULTON, MISSOURI Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis)

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>
Revenues										
Taxes	\$ 6,242,761	\$ 6,053,698	\$ 6,195,877	\$ 7,278,067	\$ 6,930,385	\$ 7,076,262	\$ 7,164,717	\$ 8,203,972	\$ 8,589,147	\$ 8,831,039
Licenses and permits	149,294	149,740	161,283	156,104	152,551	162,010	154,449	167,319	212,622	179,914
Intergovernmental revenues	352,221	139,529	51,203	61,004	380,729	239,559	304,154	316,056	155,445	1,422,176
Charges for services	1,953,016	1,943,647	2,056,445	2,120,236	2,276,247	2,307,472	2,190,501	2,277,377	2,561,433	2,330,006
Payments in lieu of taxes	1,110,529	545,461	182,155	116,421	200,169	150,516	215,237	235,255	238,573	295,817
Fines and forfeitures	104,131	65,051	86,423	83,989	60,146	95,937	32,213	10,654	5,050	6,686
Recreational fees	122,795	163,556	122,861	113,287	119,241	123,058	71,859	223,373	397,827	412,616
Miscellaneous	,	/	,	-,	- ,	-,	,,,,,,,	- ,	,-	,
Rent	52,737	51,437	55,549	64,414	59,045	52,437	52,969	67,151	66,324	66,610
Interest	215,892	158,753	156,520	147,024	215,130	334,110	107,158	69,703	167,521	567,119
Contributions	137,265	27,550	50	415	10,960	1,774	2,130	37,360	3,999	2,625
Other	16,783	52,749	105,011	180,067	17,166	34,024	58,714	76,991	14,201	337,795
Total revenues	10,457,424	9,351,171	9,173,377	10,321,028	10,421,769	10,577,159	10,354,101	11,685,211	12,412,142	14,452,403
Total revenues	10,437,424	7,551,171	7,173,377	10,321,020	10,421,707	10,577,137	10,554,101	11,003,211	12,412,142	14,432,403
Expenditures										
General government	2,025,700	3,174,945	1,836,858	1,910,471	2,153,542	2,235,130	2,133,411	2,261,212	2,401,628	2,250,643
Public safety	4,095,659	4,040,034	3,949,165	4,292,335	4,552,406	4,216,634	4,237,648	4,675,511	4,645,299	5,033,706
Public works	2,373,633	1,965,027	1,879,201	1,503,186	2,966,478	2,546,327	1,839,597	2,248,426	2,883,459	4,858,995
Parks and recreation	966,510	730,740	714,284	665,799	739,920	1,268,144	8,794,170	1,031,040	1,136,352	1,205,795
Building and grounds maintenance	423,300	394,710	477,572	473,340	472,795	480,168	489,848	546,381	606,618	728,040
Debt service:										
Principal	1,615,000	760,000	800,000	830,000	325,000	390,000	630,000	856,599	900,700	814,656
Interest and fees	650,562	575,141	543,520	500,025	471,723	447,611	439,546	546,054	501,860	462,835
Miscellaneous	-	-		134,798	239,211	304,754	557,229	225,877	2,285	-
Total expenditures	12,150,364	11,640,597	10,200,600	10,309,954	11,921,075	11,888,768	19,121,449	12,391,100	13,078,201	15,354,670
10ml onpondituios	12,130,301	11,0 10,007	10,200,000	10,000,001	11,521,070			12,551,100		15,55 1,070
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,692,940)	(2,289,426)	(1,027,223)	11,074	(1,499,306)	(1,311,609)	(8,767,348)	(705,889)	(666,059)	(902,267)
04 5 10 141										
Other Financing Sources and (Uses) Transfers in	4.022.270	2 406 715	2 220 604	2,565,106	2 ((4 070	2 254 257	7 202 920	2 257 204	4.044.776	3,286,515
	4,032,279	2,406,715	3,330,604		2,664,979	3,354,357	7,203,820	3,257,204	4,044,776	
Transfers (out)	(2,132,279)	(1,018,715)	(2,931,279)	(727,106)	(876,979)	(1,269,897)	(1,707,280)	(1,424,204)	(1,861,776)	(3,619,678)
Proceeds on property sale	2,648	-	10,050	34,582	7,200	22,275	39,888	129,988	12,250	-
Debt proceeds	-	-		-	-	-	3,404,985	1,361,240		
Total other financing sources	1,902,648	1,388,000	409,375	1,872,582	1,795,200	2,106,735	8,941,413	3,324,228	2,195,250	(333,163)
Net change in fund balances	\$ 209,708	\$ (901,426)	\$ (617,848)	\$ 1,883,656	\$ 295,894	\$ 795,126	\$ 174,065	\$ 2,618,339	\$ 1,529,191	\$ (1,235,430)
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital										
expenditures (principal and interest only)	21.29%	12.31%	14.08%	14.05%	8.57%	8.53%	10.67%	12.62%	11.89%	10.72%

TABLE 5
CITY OF FULTON, MISSOURI
Assessed and Estimated Actual Values of Taxable Property
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended	Tax Year	Real Property	Personal Property	Total Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Fair Market Value (1)
2014	2014	78,269,705	23,431,048	101,700,753	0.5291	490,471,937
2015	2015	78,570,540	23,435,269	102,005,809	0.5306	487,694,396
2016	2016	93,726,348	25,088,374	118,814,722	0.5587	496,469,027
2017	2017	105,705,011	23,964,520	129,669,531	0.5291	554,463,491
2018	2018	105,504,979	20,924,809	126,429,788	0.5353	546,002,041
2019	2019	116,981,901	22,028,270	139,010,171	0.5022	595,045,333
2020	2020	110,985,675	27,483,758	138,469,433	0.5279	594,954,748
2021	2021	112,062,602	29,060,436	141,123,038	0.5271	607,957,002
2022	2022	116,931,963	37,670,529	154,602,492	0.5271	607,957,002
2023	2023	115,801,919	36,607,077	152,408,996	0.5271	634,701,620

(1) Following statewide reassessment in 1986, properties were assessed as follows:

Residential	19%
Agricultural	12%
Commercial	32%
Personal property	33.33%

TABLE 6

CITY OF FULTON, MISSOURI Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments (Per \$100 of Assessed Value) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	City					
Tax			Fulton Public			
Year	General Fund	Total	School District	County	State	Total
2014	0.5291	0.5291	4.2306	0.9679	0.0300	5.7576
2015	0.5306	0.5306	4.2022	0.8963	0.0300	5.6591
2016	0.5587	0.5587	4.3019	0.8975	0.0300	5.7881
2017	0.5291	0.5291	4.0862	0.8965	0.0300	5.5418
2018	0.5353	0.5353	4.7695	1.0053	0.0300	6.3401
2019	0.5022	0.5022	4.6076	0.8770	0.0300	6.0168
2020	0.5279	0.5279	4.7083	0.9581	0.0300	6.2243
2021	0.5271	0.5271	4.6287	0.9523	0.0300	6.1381
2022	0.5271	0.5271	4.6439	0.9542	0.0300	6.1552
2023	0.5271	0.5271	4.6456	0.9523	0.0300	6.1550

CITY OF FULTON, MISSOURI Sales Tax Rates Direct and Overlapping Governments

rect and Overlapping Governmen Last Ten Fiscal Years

	-		City of Fulton				<u>-</u>		State of Missou	ıri	
Fiscal			Capital	Parks and Recreation/	Total	County of	Callaway Co. Ambulance				Total Direct
Year	General	Transportation	Improvements	Stormwater	Direct Rate	Callaway	District	General	Conservation	Parks and Soil	and Overlapping
2014	1.000	0.500	0.500		2.000	1.000	0.500	4.000	0.125	0.100	7.725
2015	1.000	0.500	0.500		2.000	1.000	0.500	4.000	0.125	0.100	7.725
2016	1.000	0.500	0.500	0.500	2.500	1.000	0.500	4.000	0.125	0.100	8.225
2017	1.000	0.500	0.500	0.500	2.500	1.000	0.500	4.000	0.125	0.100	8.225
2018	1.000	0.500	0.500	0.500	2.500	1.000	0.500	4.000	0.125	0.100	8.225
2019	1.000	0.500	0.500	0.500	2.500	1.000	0.500	4.000	0.125	0.100	8.225
2020*	1.000	0.500	0.500	0.500	2.500	2.000	0.500	4.000	0.125	0.100	9.225
2021	1.000	0.500	0.500	0.500	2.500	2.000	0.500	4.000	0.125	0.100	9.225
2022	1.000	0.500	0.500	0.500	2.500	2.000	0.500	4.000	0.125	0.100	9.225
2023	1.000	0.500	0.500	0.500	2.500	2.000	0.500	4.000	0.125	0.100	9.225

Source: Missouri Department of Revenue

Note: An additional .5% sales tax is in effect within a Transportation Development District located within the City of Fulton, effective in 2006.

^{*} County tax rate increased to 2% effective 4/1/2020.

TABLE 8
CITY OF FULTON, MISSOURI
Principal Property Taxpayers
Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		202	2014				
			Percentage of			Percentage of	
		Assessed	Total Assessed		Assessed	Total Assessed	
Name	Type of Business	 Valuation (1)	Valuation		Valuation (1)	Valuation	
Townsend Fulton, LLC	Distribution	\$ 7,821,200	5.13%	\$	10,387,500	10.21%	
Dollar General Distribution Center	Distribution	2,974,850	1.95%		2,523,640	2.48%	
Callaway Electric Cooperative	Utilities	2,501,800	1.64%		3,236,670	3.18%	
Harbison Walker International	Manufacturing	2,428,340	1.59%		2,215,470	2.18%	
Walsworth Publishing	Manufacturing	2,416,370	1.59%		1,574,700	1.55%	
Wal-Mart Stores	Hotel	1,597,690	1.05%		1,799,990	1.77%	
Noble Health	Healthcare	967,210	0.63%		1,574,700	1.55%	
Danuser Machine Co	Manufacturing	901,910	0.59%		606,570	0.60%	
Fulton Hospitality	Hotel	710,020	0.47%		-	0.00%	
Churchill Partners	Real Estate Holdings	580,920	0.38%		-	0.00%	
Backers Potato Chips	Manufacturing	-	0.00%		8,819,980	8.67%	
The Fulton Group LLC	Real Estate Holdings	 	0.00%		2,549,820	2.51%	
		\$ 22,900,310	15.03%	\$	35,289,040	34.70%	

⁽¹⁾ Per Callaway County Collector's office.

TABLE 9
CITY OF FULTON, MISSOURI
Property Tax Levies and Collections

Collected within the

Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Fiscal Year of the Levy		Collection in	Total Collec	tions to Date
Fiscal Year		Total		Percent	Subsequent		Percent
Ended	Tax Year	Tax Levy	Amount	of Levy	Years	Amount	of Levy
2014	2014	538,099	531,869	98.8%	5,536	537,405	99.9%
2015	2015	543,550	499,481	91.9%	36,919	536,400	98.7%
2016	2016	635,871	567,314	89.2%	67,250	634,564	99.8%
2017	2017	690,066	616,631	89.4%	67,525	684,156	99.1%
2018	2018	709,729	512,356	72.2%	90,366	602,723	84.9%
2019	2019	687,208	549,324	79.9%	9,285	558,609	81.3%
2020	2020	727,934	638,900	87.8%	142,341	781,241	107.3% *
2021	2021	749,451	659,653	88.0%	117,838	777,491	103.7% *
2022	2022	814,909	811,799	99.6%	3,110	814,909	100.0%
2023	2023	801,310	654,501	81.7%	-	654,501	81.7%

Note: Property taxes captured by Tax Increment Financing Districts are not included.

^{*} Due to delinquent tax collections.

TABLE 10

CITY OF FULTON, MISSOURI Sales Tax Collections and Estimated Retail Taxable Sales Last Ten Fiscal Years

					0.50%				
	1.00%		0.50%		Capital		0.50%		Estimated
Fiscal Year	General	Tra	nsportation	In	nprovements	Р8	&R/ Stormwater		Taxable
Ended	 Sales Tax	S	ales Tax		Sales Tax		Sales Tax	 Total	Retail Sales
2014	\$ 1,638,159	\$	819,080	\$	819,080	\$	-	\$ 3,276,319	\$ 163,816,000
2015	1,598,627		799,313		799,313		-	3,197,253	159,863,000
2016	1,595,884		797,943		797,943		181,952	3,373,722	159,588,000
2017	1,648,993		824,497		824,497		823,041	4,121,028	164,899,000
2018	1,630,591		815,294		815,294		815,299	4,076,479	163,059,000
2019	1,648,579		824,290		824,290		824,162	4,121,321	164,858,000
2020	1,685,915		842,960		842,958		842,097	4,213,931	168,592,000
2021	1,902,824		951,412		951,411		950,538	4,756,185	190,282,000
2022	1,978,672		989,336		989,336		988,138	4,945,482	197,867,000

TABLE 11

CITY OF FULTON, MISSOURI Tax Increment Financing Revenue Last Ten Fiscal Years

	1	oad T	IF Plan		Fulton Public Improvements TIF Plan						South Business 54 TIF Plan																	
Fiscal Year Ended		conomic vity Taxes		Payments in Lieu of Taxes		•		•		•		•		•		Total		Economic tivity Taxes		Payments in Lieu of Taxes		Total		conomic ivity Taxes	•	yments in u of Taxes	_	Total
2014	\$	9,329	\$	583,493	\$	592,822	\$	91,380	9	\$ 354,475	\$	445,855	\$	312,441	\$	172,561	\$	485,002										
2015		-		442,676		442,676		-		359,927		359,927		285,584		176,815		462,399										
2016		-		-		-		-		-		-		289,746		180,867		470,613										
2017		-		-		-		-		-		-		327,369		139,688		467,057										
2018		-		-		-		-		-		-		86,084		200,169		286,253										
2019		-		-		-		-		-		-		86,476		150,516		236,992										
2020		-		-		-		-		-		-		143,086		215,237		358,323										
2021		-		-		-		-		-		-		39,626		235,255		274,881										
2022		-		-		-		-		-		-		96,516		238,573		335,089										
2023		-		-		-		-		-		-		97,257		295,817		393,074										

CITY OF FULTON, MISSOURI Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Governmental					_					
	Special Ltd.			Neighborhood								
Fiscal	Obligation	Certificates of	Financing	Improvement	Certificates of		Sewerage System	Financed	Financing	Total Primary	Per	% of
Year	Revenue Bonds	<u>Participation</u>	Leases	District Bonds	<u>Participation</u>	Notes Payable	Revenue Bonds	Purchases	Leases	Government	<u>Capita</u>	Income
2014	\$ 11,554,165	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 555,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,109,165	949	5%
2015	10,788,284	-	-	280,000	-	-	101,000	3,821,089	-	14,990,373	1,159	6%
2016	9,982,403	-	-	-	-	-	2,754,769	3,800,000	-	16,537,172	1,262	7%
2017	9,146,522	=	-	-	-	-	7,750,787	3,400,000	-	20,297,309	1,580	9%
2018	8,815,641	-	-	-	-	-	7,734,949	3,000,000	-	19,550,590	1,547	9%
2019	8,419,760	-	-	-	-	-	7,333,949	2,633,333	-	18,387,042	1,435	8%
2020	7,765,000	3,404,985	-	-	-	-	6,979,466	2,200,000	-	20,349,451	1,616	9%
2021	7,010,000	4,682,611	56,200	-	-	3,390,000	6,616,169	1,800,001	332,101	23,887,082	1,878	10%
2022	6,380,000	4,426,390	41,720	-	-	2,712,000	6,244,056	1,400,000	274,333	21,478,499	1,690	9%
2023	5,846,236	4,162,115	26,338	_	-	1,695,000	5,863,129	1,000,000	196,167	18,788,985	1,491	5%

NOTE: Per capita data is based on the population from Table 17.

Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements. Amounts presented in this table represent the outstanding principal.

TABLE 13

CITY OF FULTON, MISSOURI Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value Last Ten Fiscal Years

			-	Less				
Fiscal Year		Assessed	Gross Bonded	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Net Bonded	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to	Net Bonded Debt
Ended	Population (1)	Valuation	Debt	Debt	Funds	Debt	Assessed Value	Per Capita
2014	12,760	101,700,753	12,109,165	11,554,165	-	555,000	0.55%	43.50
2015	12,939	102,005,809	11,068,284	10,788,284	-	280,000	0.27%	21.64
2016	13,103	118,814,722	9,982,403	9,982,403	-	-	0.00%	-
2017	12,844	129,669,531	9,146,522	9,146,522	-	-	0.00%	-
2018	12,635	126,429,788	8,815,641	8,815,641	-	-	0.00%	-
2019	12,809	139,010,171	8,419,760	8,419,760	-	-	0.00%	-
2020	12,596	138,469,433	7,765,000	7,765,000	-	-	0.00%	-
2021	12,721	140,046,111	7,010,000	7,010,000	-	-	0.00%	-
2022	12,721	141,123,038	6,380,000	6,380,000	-	-	0.00%	-
2023	12,600	152,408,996	5,846,236	5,846,236	-	-	0.00%	-

⁽¹⁾ Sources: Callaway County Chamber of Commerce and U.S. Census Bureau

CITY OF FULTON, MISSOURI Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt December 31, 2023

Name of Governmental Unit		Net Debt standing (1)	Percentage Applicable to City of Fulton (2)	Amount Applicable to City of Fulton		
City of Fulton	\$	10,034,689	100.00%		10,034,689	
Fulton Public School District		31,037,425	59.35%		18,420,901	
Callaway County		-	0%		<u>-</u>	
Total direct and overlapping debt				\$	28,455,590	

- (1) Gross general obligation debt outstanding less applicable amounts in Debt Service Funds.
- (2) Determined by ratio of assessed valuation of property subject to taxation in overlapping unit to valuation of property subject to taxation in reporting unit as of December 31, 2010.

TABLE 15

CITY OF FULTON, MISSOURI Legal Debt Margin Information December 31, 2023

	With Existing Debt December 2023				
Assessed Valuation, January 2023 (1) Net of property in TIF districts	\$ 115,801,919				
Debt limit - 20% of assessed value	23,160,384				
Less general obligation debt outstanding	0.00%				
Legal debt margin	\$ 23,160,384				

(1) Provided by Callaway County Collector

CITY OF FULTON, MISSOURI Revenue Bond Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

Net Revenue Available Revenues Fiscal TIF District Current Debt Service Requirement Transfers from for Debt Interest and Year **CIST Revenues** Other Total Service Principal Coverage Other Funds, Net Expenses Interest Total 2014 \$ 2,365,505 193,952 \$ 2,559,457 \$ 310,935 \$ 2,248,522 \$ 1,615,000 \$ 2,265,562 (17,040)\$ 650,562 2015 1,670,631 137,968 1,808,599 1,344,497 464,102 1,335,141 (871,039)760,000 575,141 2016 1,419,964 139,407 1,559,371 3,891 1,555,480 800,000 543,520 1,343,520 211,960 2017 2,020,709 2,137,130 3,685 2,133,445 830,000 1,366,467 766,978 116,421 536,467 2018 1,970,671 197,405 2,168,076 243,273 1,924,803 325,000 471,325 796,325 1,128,478 2019 306,374 2,242,135 308,237 1,933,898 390,000 447,611 837,611 1,096,287 1,935,761 2020 83,887 431,978 1,061,978 2,083,629 2,167,516 562,499 1,605,017 630,000 543,039 2021 59,529 232,025 2,083,105 399,449 1,154,449 2,255,601 2,315,130 755,000 928,656 2,348,242 130,302 2,478,544 2,470,078 630,000 351,625 981,625 1,488,453 2022 8,466 2023 2,404,288 450,104 2,854,392 6,027 2,848,365 535,000 322,750 857,750 1,990,615

Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements. Certain bonds were paid off early in 2014 and 2015, resulting in a negative debt coverage.

CITY OF FULTON, MISSOURI Demographic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Per apita me (4)
,716
,436
,990
,139
,672
,874
,436
,047
,451
,874
,430 ,990 ,139 ,672 ,874 ,430 ,047

Source of information:

- (1) Callaway County Chamber of Commerce & U.S. Census Bureau
- (2) Fulton Public School District
- (3) Bureau of Labor Statistics as of December 31 (data not available for the City of Fulton)
- (4) U.S. Census Bureau (data not available for the City of Fulton)

CITY OF FULTON, MISSOURI Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		202	3	2014			
			Percentage of		Percentage of		
			Total City		Total City		
Employer	Product/Service	Total Employees	Employment	Total Employees	Employment		
Fulton State Hospital	Mental Institution	1,200	21.84%	1,150	21.26%		
Dollar General Distribution Center	Warehouse	750	13.65%	650	12.02%		
Fulton Public Schools	Education	450	8.19%	450	8.32%		
Fulton Reception & Diagnostic	Correctional Facility	288	5.24%	400	7.40%		
Westminster College	Education	380	6.92%	205	3.79%		
William Woods University	Education	256	4.66%	163	3.01%		
City of Fulton	Government	179	3.26%	190	3.51%		
Callaway County	Government	191	3.48%	148	2.74%		
Danuser Machine Company	Manufacturing	135	2.46%	-	0.00%		
Walsworth Fulton (formerly Ovid Bell)	Periodical Publishing	125	2.28%	125	2.31%		
Harbison Walker International Manufacturing		52	0.95%	93	1.72%		
		4,006	72.92%	3,574	66.08%		

Sources: Callaway County Chamber of Commerce and U.S. Census Bureau

CITY OF FULTON, MISSOURI City Government Employees by Function/Department Last Five Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2023	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	
General Government						
Administration	7	6	6	6	7	
Finance	10	11	11	12	10	
Purchasing	2	3	3	3	3	
Public Buildings						
Public Safety						
Police	34	31	31	33	33	
Municipal Court	0	0	0	0	0	
Fire	21	23	23	24	24	
Planning & Protective Administration	1	5	5	5	5	
Public Works						
Engineering	7	7	7	8	8	
Street Maintenance	12	10	10	12	12	
Traffic Control	1	2	2	2	2	
D.T. IO INC.	-	-	5			
Buildings and Grounds Maintenance	5	5	5	6	6	
Cemetery	1	1	1	1	1	
Parks and Recreation	11	9	9	8	8	
Utilities Administration	3	3	3	3	3	
Electric Department	13	13	13	13	14	
Gas Department	9	9	9	9	9	
Solid Waste Department	11	11	11	9	9	
Wastewater Department	11	10	10	10	10	
Golf Course	4	4	4	4	4	
Garage	2	3	3	3	3	
Water Department	8	7	7	8	8	
Power Plant	3	6	6	6	6	
Total	176	179	179	185	185	

Source: City of Fulton Human Resources Department

CITY OF FULTON, MISSOURI Operating Indicators and Capital Asset Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

Date of Incorporation	1859									
Form of Government	Charter City									
Area	12									
Miles of streets	76.96 miles									
	<u>2023</u>	2022	2021	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	2018	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	2014
Municipal Court										
General Operating Revenue Traffic Violations	\$ - 5	s - s -	- \$ -	- \$ -	10,107,350 \$ 69,237	10,007,942 \$ 30,250	9,912,140 \$ 56,157	9,734,563 \$ 58,350	8,929,318 \$ 40,864	9,820,364 56,408
% of general operating revenue from traffic violations	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.69%	0.30%	0.57%	0.60%	0.45%	0.57%
Fire protection:										
Number of stations	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
* Total Calls	2,017	2,033	1,445	1,063	1,165	1,099	933	1,206	1,138	1,092
Police protection:										
Number of stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
** Total Calls	15,249	16,846	17,982	17,811	21,694	18,564	1,356	1,154	910	951
Education:										
Private schools	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Elementary Schools - Public	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Middle Schools - Public	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
High Schools - Public	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Colleges and Universities	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Municipal Electric Department:										
Number of consumers	5,808	5,721	5,721	5,679	5,648	5,609	5,616	5,616	5,612	5,593
*** Peak demand on system	37MW	35MW	37MW	35MW	35MW	36MW	35MW	37MW	38MW	38MW
Municipal Gas Department:										
Number of consumers	3,987	3,985	3,993	3,994	3,978	3,956	3,959	3,961	3,961	3,955
Average daily consumption	1728mcf	1724mcf	1712 mcf	1778 mcf	1860 mcf	1846 mcf	1555 mcf	1447 mcf	1619 mcf	1686 mcf
Municipal Water Department:										
Number of consumers	4,653	4,611	4,581	4,544	4,504	4,461	4,454	4,452	4,446	4,420
Average daily consumption	1,113,500	1,113,500	1,065,147	1,014,107	1,038,086	1,167,673	1,038,873	1,117,620	1,136,491	1,144,877
*** Miles of water mains	108	106	106	106	105	105	97	97	97	97
Municipal Sewer Department:										
Number of connections	4,495	4,495	4,466	4,434	4,387	4,337	4,336	4,340	4,337	4,316
*** Miles of sanitary sewers	101	101	101	101	100	100	95	95	95	95
Building permits issued	65	76	76	220	76	170	142	66	135	114
Recreation and culture:										
Number of parks	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Number of libraries	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Golf courses	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Municipal employees:										
**** Classified service	179	179	179	174	174	168	178	168	164	166
**** Unclassified (Department heads)	10	10	10	11	11	11	12	12	12	13
**** Exempt (City Council, Mayor,	20	20	20	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
and volunteer fire and police)										

Source

* Fire Chief

** Chief of Police, report to DOA

*** Superintendent of Utilities

**** City of Fulton Human Resources Department

a Not required reporting by State of Missouri (302.241.2 RSMo)